

Where Automation Connects.



PLX51-PBS

PROFIBUS DP Slave to EtherNet/IP™ or Modbus[®] Gateway

May 16, 2023



Your Feedback Please

We always want you to feel that you made the right decision to use our products. If you have suggestions, comments, compliments or complaints about our products, documentation, or support, please write or call us.

ProSoft Technology, Inc. +1 (661) 716-5100 +1 (661) 716-5101 (Fax) www.prosoft-technology.com support@prosoft-technology.com

PLX51-PBS User Manual For Public Use.

May 16, 2023

ProSoft Technology®, is a registered copyright of ProSoft Technology, Inc. All other brand or product names are or may be trademarks of, and are used to identify products and services of, their respective owners.

Content Disclaimer

This documentation is not intended as a substitute for and is not to be used for determining suitability or reliability of these products for specific user applications. It is the duty of any such user or integrator to perform the appropriate and complete risk analysis, evaluation and testing of the products with respect to the relevant specific application or use thereof. Neither ProSoft Technology nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries shall be responsible or liable for misuse of the information contained herein. Information in this document including illustrations, specifications and dimensions may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. ProSoft Technology makes no warranty or representation as to its accuracy and assumes no liability for and reserves the right to correct such inaccuracies or errors at any time without notice. If you have any suggestions for improvements or amendments or have found errors in this publication, please notify us.

No part of this document may be reproduced in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without express written permission of ProSoft Technology. All pertinent state, regional, and local safety regulations must be observed when installing and using this product. For reasons of safety and to help ensure compliance with documented system data, only the manufacturer should perform repairs to components. When devices are used for applications with technical safety requirements, the relevant instructions must be followed. Failure to use ProSoft Technology software or approved software with our hardware products may result in injury, harm, or improper operating results. Failure to observe this information can result in injury or equipment damage.

© 2023 ProSoft Technology. All Rights Reserved.



For professional users in the European Union

If you wish to discard electrical and electronic equipment (EEE), please contact your dealer or supplier for further information.



Warning - Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Agency Approvals and Certifications

Please visit our website: www.prosoft-technology.com

Contents

	Content Disclai	 Please imer vals and Certifications 	2
1	Preface		5
	1.1	Introduction	5
	1.2	Features	5
	1.3	Additional Information	6
	1.4	Support	6
2	Installatio	n	7
	2.1	Module Layout	7
	2.2	Module Mounting	
	2.3	PROFIBUS DP Port (RS485)	10
	2.0		
3	Setup		11
	3.1	Installing the Configuration Software	11
	3.2	Network Parameters	
	3.3	GSD File Management	15
	3.4	Creating a New Project	
	3.5	PLX51-PBS Parameters	19
	3.5.1	General	19
	3.5.2	Modbus	
	3.5.3	Modbus Addressing	
	3.5.4	PROFIBUS Slave Configuration	
	3.5.5	Logix	
	3.5.6		
	3.5.7	EtherNet/IP Devices	
	3.5.8	EtherNet/IP Map	
	3.6 3.6.1	Adding PROFIBUS DP Devices	
	3.6.2	General PROFIBUS Configuration	
	3.6.3	DPV1	
	3.6.4	User Parameters	
	3.6.5	Slot Configuration	36
	3.6.6	Start-up Parameters	44
	3.6.7	DPV1 Objects	
	3.6.8	DPV1 Alarms	47
	3.7	Module Download	48
	3.8	Logix Configuration	
	3.8.1	EDS AOP (Logix V21+)	
	3.8.2	Generic Module Profile (Logix Pre-V21)	
	3.8.3	Multi-Connection	
	3.9	Logix Mapping	56
4	SD Card		60
	4.1	Firmware	61
	4.2	Configuration	
	4.2.1	Manual Copy	
	4.2.2	PLX50 Configuration Utility	

Operation

5

6

7

8

5.1 5.1.1 5.2 PROFIBUS DP - Slave73 5.2.1 EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging Operation79 5.3 Firmware Upgrade80 5.4 Diagnostics 6.1 6.2 Module Status Monitoring83 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.3 PROFIBUS Packet Capture......95 6.4 Modbus Packet Capture97 6.5 6.6 **Technical Specifications** 101 7.1 Dimensions101 7.2 7.3 7.4 Modbus TCP/IP......102 7.5 7.6 Agency Approvals and Certifications103 PROFIBUS DP 104 Introduction

8.1 8.1.1 8.1.2	Introduction PROFIBUS DP PROFIBUS PA	104
8.1.3	PROFIBUS FMS	105
8.2	PROFIBUS Master and Slave	105
8.3	PROFIBUS Master Class 1 (DPM1) or Class 2 (DPM2)	105
8.3.1	PROFIBUS DP Master Class 1 (DPM1)	105
8.3.2	PROFIBUS DP Master Class 2 (DPM2)	105
8.4	Cyclic Communication	105
8.5	Acyclic Communication	106
8.6	Topology of PROFIBUS DP	
8.7	PROFIBUS DP Cable Description	
8.8	PROFIBUS DP Connector Description	107

9 Support, Service & Warranty 108 Contacting Technical Support......108 9.1 9.2 Warranty Information108

65

82

1 Preface

1.1 Introduction

This user manual describes the installation, operation, and diagnostics of the PROFIBUS DP Slave to EtherNet/IP[™] or Modbus Gateway module. The module will hereafter be collectively referred to as PLX51-PBS.

The PLX51-PBS can operate only as one or more (emulates up to 10) PROFIBUS DPV0/DPV1 Slaves. This allows EtherNet/IP or Modbus devices to exchange process, alarming, and diagnostic data with other PROFIBUS DP Master(s).



Figure 1.1 – Typical PLX51-PBS PROFIBUS Slave Architecture

1.2 Features

The PLX51-PBS has two Ethernet ports allowing for either a Linear or Ring (Device Level Ring – DLR) Ethernet topology. The Ethernet ports can also be set up for port mirroring allowing for better fault analysis.

The PLX51-PBS can synchronize to an NTP Server, allowing for automatic time synchronization. The PLX51-PBS also supports an onboard non-volatile event log for improved fault finding.

PROFIBUS Slave

The PLX51-PBS can emulate up to 10 PROFIBUS slave devices, providing up to 1536 bytes of Input and Output Cyclic I/O data between EtherNet/IP or Modbus devices and a PROFIBUS DP master. Each slave device emulated by the PLX51-PBS can be configured to provide DPV0 data exchange with a PROFIBUS Master on the network.

The data is formatted into the engineering units for use in a Logix platform by using the automatically generated mapping imports for Logix User Defined Data Types (UDTs).

Each emulated slave can also be configured to exchange DPV1 Class 1 data by mapping Logix tags for the relevant DPV1 data exchange. Each emulated slave is able to provide DPV1 alarming for the PROFIBUS Master.

The PLX51-PBS provides a range of statistics and tools to provide a detailed diagnostic overview of each emulated slave which speeds up fault finding. The PLX50 Configuration Utility allows you to perform a PROFIBUS DP packet capture of the running Fieldbus which can be used to analyze the bus behaviour and packets received. The PLX51-PBS also provides global and device specific statistics.

1.3 Additional Information

The following documents contain additional information that can assist you with installation and operation.

Resource	Link
PLX50 Configuration Utility Installation	www.prosoft-technology.com
PLX51-PBS User Manual PLX51-PBS Datasheet	www.prosoft-technology.com

Table 1.1 - Additional Informa	ation
--------------------------------	-------

1.4 Support

Technical support is provided via the Web (in the form of user manuals, FAQ, datasheets etc.) to assist with installation, operation, and diagnostics.

For additional support, use either of the following:

Table 1.2 – Support Details

Resource	Link
Contact Us link	www.prosoft-technology.com
Support email	support@prosoft-technology.com

2 Installation

2.1 Module Layout

The PLX51-PBS has one RS485 PROFIBUS DP port as well as two Ethernet ports. The Ethernet cable must be wired according to industry standards, which can be found in the Additional Information section of this document.

The module provides six diagnostic LEDs, as shown in the front view figure below. These LEDs are used to provide information regarding the module system operation, the Ethernet interface, and the PROFIBUS network status.



Figure 2.1 – PLX51-PBS Side and Front view

At the bottom of the module, there is one 3-way power connector.



Figure 2.2 – PLX51-PBS Power connector

The PLX51-PBS has an input voltage range of 10 to 36 VDC, applied to the module via the power connector. The power connector also provides an Earth connection for the PLX51-PBS.

IMPORTANT: It is recommended to always have a good clean earth connected to the module via the Earth connector on the power connector.

At the back of the module, there is slot for a SD memory card. The module provides four DIP switches at the top of the enclosure as shown in the top view figure below.



Figure 2.3 – PLX51-PBS Top view

DIP Switch	Description
DIP 1	Used to force the module into "Safe Mode". When in "Safe Mode", the module will not load the application firmware and will wait for new firmware to be downloaded. This should only be used in the rare occasion when a firmware update was interrupted at a critical stage.
DIP 2	This forces the module into DHCP mode which is useful when you have forgotten the IP address of the module.
DIP 3	This is used to lock the configuration from being overwritten by the PLX50 Configuration Utility. When set, the PLX50 Configuration Utility will not be able to download to the PLX51-PBS module.
DIP 4	When this is set, a module reboot will set the module Ethernet IP address to 192.168.1.100 and network mask 255.255.255.0. You can then switch the DIP switch off and assign the module a static IP address if needed.

Table 2.1. - DIP Switch Settings

2.2 Module Mounting

The PLX51-PBS provides a DIN rail clip to mount onto a 35mm DIN rail.



Figure 2.4 - DIN rail specification

The DIN rail clip is mounted at the back of the module as shown in the figure below. Use a flat screw driver to pull the clip downward. Once the module is mounted onto the DIN rail, the clip must be pushed upward to lock the module onto the DIN rail.



Figure 2.5 - DIN rail mouting

RxD/TxD-N

-

8 9

2.3 **PROFIBUS DP Port (RS485)**

The PROFIBUS DP port uses a female DB9 connector. This provides connection for the communication conductors, cable shielding, and +5Vdc output power.





		Table 2.2 – DB 9 Connector layout
Pin	Signal	Description
1	-	Not connected
2	-	Not connected
3	RxD/TxD-P	Data received and transmit (+)
4	CNTR-P	Control signal to repeater (+)
5	DGND	Reference potential for +5Vdc
6	VP	+5Vdc for terminating resistors (active termination)
7	-	Not connected

Data received and transmit (-)

Not connected

3 Setup

3.1 Installing the Configuration Software

All PLX51-PBS network setup and configuration is done in the ProSoft PLX50 Configuration Utility. This software can be downloaded from: <u>www.prosoft-technology.com</u>



Figure 3.1. - ProSoft PLX50 Configuration Utility Environment

3.2 Network Parameters

The PLX51-PBS has DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) enabled as factory default. Thus, a DHCP server must be used to provide the module with the required network parameters (IP address, subnet mask, etc.). There are a number of DHCP utilities available, however it is recommended that the DHCP server in the PLX50 Configuration Utility is used.

Within the PLX50 Configuration Utility environment, the DHCP server can be found under the *Tools* menu.

🔅 Pro	Soft PLX5	0 Cor	nfiguration Utility
File	Device	Тос	bls Window Help
÷ 🐮 🖬	X 🖬 🕺	ę,	Target Browser
		*	DHCP Server
		4	Event Viewer
		4	DeviceFlash
		ů.	Packet Capture Viewers
			Add GSD File
			Rebuild GSD Catalog
		۶	Application Settings

Figure 3.2. - Selecting DHCP Server

Once opened, the DHCP server listens on all available network adapters for DHCP requests and display their corresponding MAC addresses.

	Vendor	Requests	Elapsed	Assigned IP	Assign	Status	Identity
0:0D:8D:F0:D7:00	-	27	0		Assign	Discover	

Figure 3.3. - DHCP Server

NOTE: If the DHCP requests are not displayed in the DHCP Server, it may be due to the local PC's firewall. During installation, the necessary firewall rules are automatically created for the Windows firewall. Another possibility is that another DHCP Server is operational on the network and it has assigned the IP address.

To assign an IP address, click on the corresponding **Assign** button. The Assign IP Address for MAC window opens.

. 172				
ole DHCP)				
,				
	ole DHCP)	ole DHCP)	ole DHCP)	ole DHCP)

Figure 3.4. - Assigning IP Address for MAC

The required IP address can be either entered, or a recently used IP address can be selected by clicking on an item in the *Recent* list.

If the *Enable Static* checkbox is checked, the IP address will be set to static after the IP assignment, thereby disabling future DHCP requests.

Once you click **OK**, the DHCP server will automatically assign the IP address to the module and then read the Identity object product name from the device.

The successful assignment of the IP address by the device is indicated by the green background of the associated row.

MAC Address	Vendor	Requests	Elapsed	Assigned IP	Assign	Status	Identity
0:0D:8D:20:00:3A	ProSoft Technology	7	39	192,168,1,170	Assign	Set Static	PLX51-PBS



It is possible to force the PLX51-PBS back into DHCP mode by powering up the device with DIP switch 2 set to the **On** position.

A new IP address can then be assigned by repeating the previous steps.

IMPORTANT: It is important to return DIP switch 2 back to **Off** position, to avoid the module returning to a DHCP mode after the power is cycled again.

In addition to the setting the IP address, a number of other network parameters can be set during the DHCP process. These settings can be viewed and edited in the PLX50 Configuration Utility *Application Settings*, in the *DHCP Server* tab.

Once the DHCP process is complete, the network settings can be set using the *Ethernet Port Configuration* via the *Target Browser*.

The Target Browser can be accessed under the Tools menu.



Figure 3.6. - Selecting the Target Browser

The *Target Browser* automatically scans the Ethernet network for EtherNet/IP devices.



Figure 3.7. - Target Browser

Right-clicking on a device, reveals the context menu, including the *Port Configuration* option.

192.168.1.176 : 1	PLX51-PBM
192.168.1.170	PLX51-PBS
192.168.1.12	Select Scan Add Child Node Properties
	Port Configuration
	Reset Module 🗳 🕨

Figure 3.8. - Selecting Port Configuration

The Ethernet port configuration parameters can be modified using the *Ethernet Port Configuration* window.

ort Configuration Inte	erface Statistics	Media	Statist	ICS				
Network Configuration	n Type					Port 1		Port 2
🔘 Dynamic	Me	thod	DHCP		~	Negotiation		Negotiation
Static						Auto	•	Auto 👻
Static Configurati	on					Port Speed		Port Speed
IP Address	192 . 1	68 .	1	33	176	100	-	-
Subnet Mask	255 . 2	55 .	255		0	Duplex		Duplex
Default Gatewa		0.	0	48 34	0	Full Duplex	-	Half Duplex 🔻
Primary NS	0.	0.	0	-9	0	General		
Secondary NS	0.	0.	0	-	0	MAC Address	00-	0D:8D:20:00:30
Domain Name						MAC Address	0	00.00.20.00.30
Host Name					()	TCP Inactivity	Timeo	ut 120 (s)

Figure 3.9. - Port Configuration

Alternatively, these parameters can be modified using Rockwell Automation's RSLinx software.

3.3 GSD File Management

Each PROFIBUS device has a GSD file that is required to provide information needed to configure the device for data exchange. The PLX50 Configuration Utility manages the GSD library which is used for adding devices to the PLX51-PBS.

1 The GSD File Management Tool is opened by selecting *GSD File Management* under the *Tool* menu in the configuration utility.



Figure 3.10 – Launching the GSD File Management Tool

2 Once the tool opens, a list of registered slave devices are displayed, using their GSD files.

talog GSD File								
lter								
Vendor	Model	ld	lent	Filename	•			
(All)	× *		0x*		*	Reset		
Vendor	Model	Revision	GSD File	GSD Rev.	ldent.	Hardware	Software	
Allen-Bradley	1747-APB	1.0	AB1100SL.GSD	0	0x1100	Series A	FRN1.0	
ABB Kent-Taylor	600T PRESSURE FAMILY	V1.0	ABBI009B.GSD	2	0x009B	REVISIO	REVISIO	
ABB Automation	2600T Pressure 263/265 2000T	1.03	ABB_04C2.GSD	3	0x04C2	8	0.24	
Schneider Automation GmbH	170 DNT 110 00	V1.2	ASA_7512.GSD	1	0x7512	707619	708551.02	
Schneider Automation GmbH	DEA203	V1.2	ASA_A203.GSD	1	0xA203	706664.05	708070.02	
Deutschmann Automation GmbH	Gateway ATV18-Profibus-DP	V0.1	ATVP2233.GSD	1	0x2233	Revision -	V0.1	
	1794-APB/A	Series A Re	A B 1101.GSD	1	0x1101	Series A	Rev. 1.0	
Allen-Bradley								

Figure 3.11 – GSD File Management Tool

3 To add a GSD file, select the *Add* option under the *GSD File* menu.

🚸 GSD File	e Manager			
Catalog	GSD File			
	J View			
Filter	+ Add			
Ve	X Delete			
(A	ny			
	Vendor			
Allen-	Bradley	1747-A		
ABB K	ABB Kent-Taylor 600			
ABB A	utomation	2600T		

Figure 3.12 – GSD File Adding

4 Select the required GSD file and click **OPEN.**

🔆 Select a GSD File				;	×
\leftarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \uparrow \blacksquare \rightarrow This	PC > Documents > ProSoft Technology	√ Ŭ	Search ProSoft Tech	nnology 🔎	
Organize New folder			4 4 5	- 🔳 🕜	
💪 OneDrive - Person ^	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
🧢 This PC	📔 si2980e5.gsd	4/6/2018 8:27 AM	GSD File	29 k	B
🔓 3D Objects					
🔚 Desktop					
Documents					
🔈 Downloads					
🐌 Music					
hictures					
Videos					
📞 OS (C:) 🗸 🗸					>
File name	: si2980e5.gsd	~	General Station De	escription (*.C $ imes $	
			Open	Cancel	

Figure 3.13 – Adding GSD File

5 Once the file has been selected, the GSD File Management tool adds the slave device to the device list and recompile the GSD catalog.

A GSD catalog can be exported from another PLX50 Configuration Utility by exporting the GSD catalog from one PLX50 Configuration Utility, and importing it in another. This is done by selecting either *Import* or *Export* under the *Catalog* menu as shown below:

🔆 GSD File Manager	
Catalog GSD File	
🗲 Rebuild	
G Import	
C Export	Model
Close	*
Vendor	Model
Vendor Allen-Bradley	Model 1747-APB
Allen-Bradley	1747-APB
Allen-Bradley ABB Kent-Taylor	1747-APB 600T PRESSURE FAMILY
Allen-Bradley ABB Kent-Taylor ABB Automation	1747-APB 600T PRESSURE FAMILY 2600T Pressure 263/265 2000T

Figure 3.14 – GSD Catalog import/export

3.4 Creating a New Project

1 Before you configure the module, a new PLX50 Configuration Utility project must be created. Under the *File* menu, select **New**.

🔶 Pr	roSoft PLX50 C	onfiguration Utility
File	Device To	ols Window Help
°.	New	🏥 🕂 📳 🖪 옷 🚸
1	Open	
\mathbf{X}	Close	
	Save	
	Save As	
	Recent +	
	Exit	

Figure 3.15 - Creating a new project

- 2 A PLX50 Configuration Utility Design Tool project is created, showing the *Project Explorer* tree view. To save the project use the **Save** option under the *File* menu.
- 3 A new device can now be added by selecting **Add** under the *Device* menu.



Figure 3.16 - Adding a new device

4 In the *Add New Device* window, the PLX51-PBS and click the **O**κ button.

Add New	Device		×
Select Device	Туре		
Image	Device Name	Description	^
	PLX51-DLP-232	Data Logger Plus Module	
22	PLX51-HART-41	HART 4-Channel Input Communication Module	
	PLX51-HART-40	HART 4-Channel Output Communication Module	
	PLX51-PBM	Profibus Gateway Master/Slave Module	
	PLX51-PBS	Profibus Gateway Slave Module	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		~
	Ok	Cancel	.:

Figure 3.17 – PLX51-PBS

5 The device appears in the *Project Explorer* tree and its configuration window opened.

The device configuration can be reopened by double-clicking the module in the *Project Explorer* tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*.

File Device Tools Window Help	
🎦 🗃 🗎 🗶 🗗 🕼 🕇 🖉 🖾 🛠	
Project Explorer 🛶 🕂 🗙	General Modbus Modbus Addressing Profibus Logix Advanced
	Identity Instance Name MyPLX51-PBS Description
	Operation Mode Slave ~ Primary Interface EtherNet/IP ~

Figure 3.18 – PLX51-PBS configuration

3.5 PLX51-PBS Parameters

The PLX51-PBS parameters are configured by the PLX50 Configuration Utility.

3.5.1 General

The PLX51-PBS General configuration is opened by either double-clicking on the module in the tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*.

aeneral	Modbus	Modbus A	ddressing	Profibus	Logix	Adva	anced				
Ident	ity										
l.	nstance Nam	e	MyPLX5	I-PBS							
0	escription)										
	P Address		0	. 0	. 0	. ()				
Oper	ation										
			-								
	ation Node		Slave				~				
N	lode	ace		/IP							
N		асе	Slave EtherNe	/IP			~				
N	lode	ace		/IP							
N	lode	ace		/IP							

Figure 3.19 – PLX51-PBS General configuration

The General configuration consists of the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Instance Name	User defined name to identify between various PLX51-PBS modules.
Description	Used to provide a more detailed description of the application for the module.
IP Address	The IP address of the module.
Mode	The PLX51-PBS can operate in one of two modes:
	Quiet - Connects the PLX51-PBS to an active bus and runs a DP packet capture. The PLX51-PBS will not communicate on the DP Bus, but rather only listen.
	Slave - In this mode, the PLX51-PBS will emulate multiple PROFIBUS Slave devices.
Primary Interface	This is the network the PLX51-PBS will interface the PROFIBUS network.
	 EtherNet/IP (Logix)
	Modbus TCP Master
	 Modbus RTU Master – RS232
	 Modbus RTU Master – RS485
	Modbus TCP Slave
	 Modbus RTU Slave – RS232
	 Modbus RTU Slave – RS485
	 EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging

Table 3.1 - General configuration parameters

3.5.2 Modbus

The Modbus configuration is shown in the figure below.

NyPLX51-PBS - Configuration		d Modbus Auxiliary Map EtherNet/IP Devices EtherNet/IP Map	
Basic Settings		Modbus Mester	
Local Node Number	0 ~	Target Node Number 0 V	
BAUD Rate	19200 V (kbit/s)	Target IP Address 0 . 0 . 0	
Parity	None 🗸	Update Rate 100 (ms)	
Slave Timeout	1000 (ms)	Retry Limit 3	
Modbus TCP Port	0 (0 = default)	Response Timeout 500 (ms)	
Terminate RS485		Enable Modbus Auxiliary Mapping	
		Use Single Write Functions	
	[Ok Apply Cancel	

Figure 3.20 – PLX51-PBS Modbus configuration

The Modbus configur	ration consists of the following parameters:
	Table 3.2 - Modbus configuration parameters
Parameter	Description
Local Node Number	The Modbus Node Number used when the PLX51-PBS is in Modbus Slave mode.
BAUD Rate	For Modbus RTU, this setting is the BAUD Rate over the serial communication.
Parity	For Modbus RTU, this setting is the Parity over the serial communication.
Slave Timeout	The slave timeout time in milliseconds.
Modbus TCP Port	The TCP port to be used for the Modbus communication can be configured. If a zero is entered, the module will use the standard TCP port 502.
Terminate RS485	Enables the on-board 124 Ω RS485 terminating resistor.
Modbus Master	·
Target Node Number	The remote Modbus node to poll. (Modbus Master only)
Target IP Address	The remote Modbus IP Address to poll. (Modbus TCP Master only)
Update Rate (ms)	The period between master requests to the Modbus slave. (Modbus Master only)
Retry Limit	The number of successive Modbus request retries (Modbus Master only)
Response Timeout (ms)	The time the module will wait for a Modbus response (Modbus Master only)
Enable Modbus Auxiliary Mapping	When enabled, the PLX51-PBS will be able to read from, and write to, multiple Modbus Slaves by using the Modbus Auxiliary Map tab.
	NOTE: When enabled, the automatic polling of referenced Modbus registers is disabled. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all the required PROFIBUS control and data registers are collected from the appropriate remote Modbus slave devices.
Use Single Write Functions	When operating as a Modbus Master, the PLX51-PBM will use Modbus Single Write functions in the Modbus Auxiliary Map when this option has been selected and the write function has an element count of 1.

The Modbus configuration consists of the following parameters

3.5.3 Modbus Addressing

The Modbus Addressing configuration is shown in the figure below.

MyPLX51-PBS - Configuration					- 🗆 🗙
General Modbus Modbus Addressing	9 Profibus Logix Adva	nced Modbus Auxiliary Map Ethe	erNet/IP Devices E	therNet/IP Map	
Modbus Addressing					
Base Offset Type	Modbus (Base 0)	\sim			
REAL / DINT Format	AA BB CC DD	~ Mast	ter Control		
Master Control Register	HR 0	Slav	ve Device Enables		
Status Register	CS ~ 0	Slav	e Device Control		
Device Control Register	CS ~ 409	i .			
DPV0 Diagnostic Register	HR 0	DPV	/0 Diagnostic Enabl	le	
DPV1 Message Register	HR 0	DPV	/1 Message Enable		
DPV1 Alarm Register	HR 0	DPV	/1 Alarm Enable		
Modbus Communication Statu	us HR O				
		Ok Apply	Cancel	1	

Figure 3.21 – PLX51-PBS Modbus Addressing configuration

The Modbus configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.3 - Modbus	Addressing	configuration	narameters
	ruurossing	configuration	parameters

Parameter	Description
Base Offset Type	Base Address Offset Type
	Modbus (Base 0) – Conventional Modbus addressing where the first address is 0.
	PLC (Base 1) – PLC addressing, where the first address is 1.
Real Format	For a Real (single floating point) number this setting shows the format of the data will be presented when using a Modbus Primary Interface.
	The format (byte re-ordering) options are as follows:
	AA BB CC DD
	BB AA DD CC
	DD CC BB AA
	CC DD AA BB
Master Control Register	N/A. PROFIBUS Master mode only.
Status Register	The Modbus Coil or Holding Register address starting offset for the Module status.
Device Control Register	The Modbus Coil or Holding Register address starting offset for the Slave Device Control bits.
Slave Device Enables	Enables the individual Slave Device Enable bits.
	When Enabled, the module can enable/disable each slave device through the use of the Device Control Register.
	When Disabled, all slave devices are enabled.
Slave Device Control	Enables the Slave Device Control (Alarm Triggers).
	When Enabled, the module can generate Alarms for each slave device through the use of the Device Control Register.
	When disabled, no slave device alarming is possible.
DPV0 Diagnostic Enable	N/A. PROFIBUS Master mode only.

DPV1 Message Enable	N/A. PROFIBUS Master mode only.
DPV1 Alarm Enable	N/A. PROFIBUS Master mode only.
Modbus Communication Status	The Modbus Holding Register address starting offset for Modbus Communication Status (when operating as a Modbus Master or Modbus Slave). This can be mapped to DPV0 data which can be used by the Profibus DP Master to take action when the Modbus communication is down or has faulted. See the <i>Modbus Operation</i> section for details regarding the Modbus data for the Modbus Communication Status.

IMPORTANT: The range of configured Modbus registers for each register type may not exceed 10,000.

3.5.4 PROFIBUS Slave Configuration

The PLX51-PBS PROFIBUS slave configuration is opened by either double-clicking on the module in the tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*. Then select the **PROFIBUS** tab.

d Modbus Auxiliary Map	EtherNet/IP Devices EtherNet/IP N	Лар	
Timing			
TTR	21000 (tbits) [>5500]		
Slot Time (TSL)	100 (tbits)		
Gap Update Factor	10 [1-100]		
Quiet Time (TOLII)	0 (thite)	Auto Recommend	
Profibus Cycle	100 (ms) [>4]		
Default Watchdog	500 (ms)		
Minimum TSDR	11 (tbits)		
Maximum TSDR	60 (tbits)		
Idle Time 1 (Tid1)	37 (tbits)		
Idle Time 2 (Tid2)	60 (tbits)		
	Timing TTR Slot Time (TSL) Gap Update Factor Quiet Time (TQUI) Setup Time (TSET) Profibus Cycle Default Watchdog Minimum TSDR Maximum TSDR Idle Time 1 (Tid1)	Timing TTR21000(tbits) [>5500]Slot Time (TSL)100(tbits)Gap Update Factor10[1-100]Quiet Time (TQU)0(tbits)Setup Time (TSET)1(tbits)Profibus Cycle100(ms) [>4]Default Watchdog500(ms)Minimum TSDR11(tbits)Idle Time 1 (Tid1)37(tbits)	TTR 21000 (tbits) [>5500] Slot Time (TSL) 100 (tbits) Gap Update Factor 10 [1-100] Quiet Time (TQUI) 0 (tbits) Setup Time (TSET) 1 (tbits) Profibus Cycle 100 (ms) [>4] Default Watchdog 500 (ms) Minimum TSDR 11 (tbits) Ide Time 1 (Tid1) 37 (tbits)

Figure 3.22 – PLX51-PBS PROFIBUS slave configuration

The PLX51-PBS PROFIBUS slave configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.4 – PROFIBUS slave configuration parameters

Parameter	Description	
BAUD Rate	Baud Rate (in Kbps) of the PROFIBUS network: 9.6, 19.2, 45.45, 93.75, 187.5, 500, 1500, 3000, 6000 or 12000 Kbps. The baud rate should be selected depending on the cable length, see chapter "PROFIBUS DP"	
DP Slaves Online during Communication Failure	This parameter will allow the DP DPV0 communication to continue when communication it lost on either Modbus (Master or Slave) or EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging. When this is not set, the DP DPV0 communication will be stopped when the communication to the previously mentioned interfaces is lost.	

3.5.5 Logix

This section is used when the *Primary Interface* in the **General** tab is set to *EtherNet/IP*. The PLX51-PBS Logix configuration is opened by either double-clicking on the module in the tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*. Then select the **Logix** tab.

MyPLX51-PBS - Configuration		_ D ×
General Modbus Modbus Addressing Profibus L	ogix Advanced	
Logix		
EtherNet/IP Connections 1	v	
Controller Path 192.168.1.102	1.0	
Response Timeout 500	(ms)	
	Ok Apply Cancel	

Figure 3.23 – PLX51-PBS Logix configuration

The Logix configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.5 – Lo	ogix configuratior	parameters
----------------	--------------------	------------

Parameter	Description	
EtherNet/IP Connections	The number of EtherNet/IP (CIP) Connections to be used in the exchange with Logix (1 to 4).	
	Note, this value must match that configured in the Logix IO tree.	
Controller Path	This is the CIP path to the Logix controller.	
	This path is used for the Class 3 data exchanges for DPV1 objects and alarms.	
	Note: This path can be entered manually or configured using the Target Browser.	
Response Timeout	The maximum time (ms) allowed for a Class 3 response from the Logix controller. Default: 5000 ms	

To browse to a controller path, select the **BROWSE**... button to open the *Target Browser*. Then select a Logix controller and click **Ok**. The path updates automatically.



Figure 3.24 - Target Browser - Selecting Logix controller

3.5.6 Advanced

The PLX51-PBS Advanced configuration is opened by either double-clicking on the module in the tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*. Then select the **Advanced** tab.

WyPLX51-PBS - Configuration	- • ×
General Modbus Modbus Addressing Profibus Logix Advanced	
Device Level Ring	
✓ DLR Enable	
Time Synchronization	
✓ NTP Enable	
NTP - Network Time Protocol	
Server IP Address 192 . 135 . 1 . 88	
Update Interval 60 (s)	
Ok Apply Cancel	

Figure 3.25 – PLX51-PBS Advanced configuration

The Advanced configuration consists of the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
DLR Enable	This must be set to enable <i>Device Level Ring</i> operation when the PLX51-PBS is operating in an Ethernet DLR.
NTP Enable	The PLX51-PBS can synchronize its onboard clock to an NTP Server by enabling NTP.
NTP – Server IP Address	This setting is the IP address of the NTP Server which will be used as a time source.
NTP – Update Interval	This setting is the updated interval (in seconds) that the PLX51-PBS will request time from the NTP Server.

3.5.7 EtherNet/IP Devices

This tab is enabled when the Primary Interface selected is EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging.

IMPORTANT: EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging is only allowed when the PLX51-PBS is operating as a Profibus Slave.

The EtherNet/IP Devices configuration is shown in the figure below. Up to 5 EtherNet/IP devices can be configured with up to 50 EtherNet/IP mapped items allowing for either explicit EtherNet/IP Class 3 or Unconnected Messaging (UCMM) to any of the 5 configured devices. The data from each EtherNet/IP device is written to or read from a data table with a size of 10Kbytes. See the *Explicit EtherNet/IP Messaging Operation* section for more details.

The PLX51-PBS EtherNet/IP Devices configuration window is opened by either double clicking on the module in the tree or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*.

MyPLX51-PBS - Configuration							
General Modbus Modbus Addres	ssing Profibus Logix Advanced	Modbus Auxiliary Map	EtherNet/IP	Devices Ethe	rNet/IP Map		
Scheduled Device Settings							
EtherNet/IP Communication		Scan Cl			ms Scan Class		
EtherNet/IP Explicit Timeour	t 2000 ms	Scan Cl	ass B	1000	ms Scan Class	D 5000 ms	
	Enable DP Device Enables						
Device List (max 5)							
Device Name	CIP Path		Browse	Timeout	Retry Count	Comm Status Offset	
PowerFlex700	192.168.1.100	-		500	3	1000	
•							
		Ok Ap	-1.	Ormeral			
		Ok Ap	ріу	Cancel			

Figure 3.26 – PLX51-PBS EtherNet/IP Devices configuration

Parameter	Description
EtherNet/IP Communication	The module can use either Class 3 or Unconnected Messaging when communicating to the target EtherNet/IP device.
EtherNet/IP Explicit Timeout	The amount of time with no successful EtherNet/IP responses before the module sets the EtherNet/IP interface in fault. If <i>DP Slaves Online</i> <i>during Communication Failure</i> has not been set, then all DP slaves being emulated will go offline on the Profibus DP network.
Scan Class A, B, C, D	The configurable update rates for each mapped item in the EtherNet/IP Map.
Device List (per device)	
Device Name	The user assigned name for the specific device.
CIP Path	 The CIP Path to the target device. It can either be entered manually or the user can browse to them by clicking the BRowse button. The Target Browser will open and automatically scan for all available EtherNet/IP devices. If the Ethernet/IP module is a bridge module, it can be expanded by right-clicking on the module and selecting the SCAN option. The required EtherNet/IP device can then be chosen by selecting it and
	clicking the $\mathbf{O}\kappa$ button, or by double-clicking on the target module.
Timeout	The amount of time the PLX51-PBS module will wait for a response from the target EtherNet/IP device.
Retry Count	The number of retires before the target EtherNet/IP device is considered offline.
Comm Status Offset	This is the offset in the data table (used to map EtherNet/IP device data) which provides the communication status of each EtherNet/IP device. The Communication Status is as shown below:
	Bit 0 - (1) Device online / (0) Device offline.
	Bit 1 to 7 – Reserved.

The EtherNet/IP Devices configuration consists of the following parameters:

3.5.8 EtherNet/IP Map

This tab is enabled when the Primary Interface selected is EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging.

IMPORTANT: EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging is only allowed when the PLX51-PBS is operating as a Profibus Slave.

The EtherNet/IP Map configuration is shown in the figure below. Up to 5 EtherNet/IP devices can be configured with up to 50 EtherNet/IP mapped items allowing for either explicit EtherNet/IP Class 3 or Unconnected Messaging (UCMM) to any of the 5 configured devices. The data from each EtherNet/IP device is written to or read from a data table with a size of 10Kbytes. See the *Explicit EtherNet/IP Messaging Operation* section for more details.

The PLX51-PBS EtherNet/IP Map configuration window is opened by either double clicking on the module in the tree or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*.

PL	(51-PBS - Confi	gurati	ion													
era	Modbus Mod	bus A	ddressing	Profibus	Logia	Advance	d Modbus	Auxiliary Ma	ap EtherNe	t/IP Devices	s EtherNet	/IP Map				
Sche	eduled Map															
	Device		Function	:	Scan	Service	Class	Instance	Attribute	Input Offset	Get Length	Output Offset	Set Length	Data Type	Static Value	
۲	PowerFlex700		Get		۹ V		1	1	1	4	2					
٠		\sim		\sim	~									~		

Figure 3.27 – PLX51-PBS EtherNet/IP Map configuration

Parameter Description Device The device name configured in the previous EtherNet/IP Devices tab. The selected device will be used for executing the communication function. Image: Construction of the selected device will be used for executing the communication function. The user can select one of four functions. Get The module will read data from the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Data Table at the Input Offset location configured in this tab. Set The module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configured in this tab. Set Static Set Static Similar to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom The user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate. Scan The custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been established. Custom The user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be rearmed. <		Table 3.8 – EtherNet/IP Map configuration parameters						
Device The selected device will be used for executing the communication function. Get The user can select one of four functions. Get The module will read data from the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Get Single Attribute CIP function. The received data will be placed into the Data Table at the <i>Input Offset</i> location configured in this tab. Set The module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the <i>Output Offset</i> location configured in this tab. Function Set Static Similar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed (equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to twritte th fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom The user can also select the Scan SA B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class area. Scan The custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected. Class, Instance, Attribute The location in the Data Table at the ad will not be written. Get device goes offline, then the mapped item will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions. Service The location in the Data Table where the received data	Parameter	Description						
Get The module will read data from the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Get Single Attribute CIP function. The received data will be placed into the Data Table at the Input Offset location configured in this tab. Set The module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configured in this tab. Set The module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom This function allows the user to use a custom Service and write and read data in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual. Scan The user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured oges offline, then the mapped item will then be executed at the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed. Scan The CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent. Class, Instance, Attribute The location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions. Get Length <td>Device</td> <td></td>	Device							
Function The module will read data from the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Get Single Attribute CIP function. The received data will be placed into the Data Table at the <i>Input Offset</i> location configured in this tab. Set The module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the <i>Output Offset</i> location configured in this tab. Function Set Static Similar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed (equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to writte the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom The user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the target device supports in that device's user manual. Scan The user can also select the Scas which means that the target device seques offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will be rearmed. Scan The custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom functions. The user can also select the Class mich the target data will be written. The target device is established. If the target device i		The user can select one of four functions.						
Get Single Attribute CIP function. The received data will be placed into the Data Table at the <i>Input Offset</i> location configured in this tab. Set Function Function Set Static Similar to the Set function. The received fat will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configured in this tab. Set Static Similar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed (equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom The user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will then be executed at that configured device goes offline, then the ada to be written. This will only be ava		Get						
FunctionThe module will write data to the target EtherNet/IP device by using the Set Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configured in this tab. Set StaticFunctionSet StaticSimilar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed 		Get Single Attribute CIP function. The received data will be placed into the						
FunctionSingle Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the Data Table at the Output Offset location configured in this tab.FunctionSet StaticSimilar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed (equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established. Custom This function allows the user to use a custom Service and write and read data in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual.ScanThe user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate. The user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.ServiceThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Get LengthThe location in								
Set StatuSet StatuSimilar to the Set function above, but the data to be written will be fixed (equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established.CustomThis function allows the user to use a custom Service and write and read data in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual.ScanThe user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate.ScanThe user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe longth of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data Type <td< td=""><td></td><td colspan="7">Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the</td></td<>		Single Attribute CIP function. The data to be written will be retrieved from the						
(equal to the Static Value) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target device communication has been established.CustomThis function allows the user to use a custom Service and write and read data in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual.ScanThe user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate. The user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped item will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Set LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will onl	Function	Set Static						
This function allows the user to use a custom Service and write and read data in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual.ScanThe user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate.ScanThe user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.Class, Instance, AttributeThe ICIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe length of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.		(equal to the <i>Static Value</i>) parameter in this configuration window. This function will typically be used with the single Scan class which means the PLX51-PBS can be setup to write the fixed value only once when the target						
in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that target device supports in that device's user manual.ScanThe user can select Scan Class A, B, C or D (which was configured in the EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate. The user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.Class, Instance, AttributeThe CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Set LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Set LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe kat type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set static function.								
ScanEtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at that configured scan class rate.ScanThe user can also select the S class which means that the mapped item will only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.Class, Instance, AttributeThe CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.Data TypeThe data type of the static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.		in the same transaction. The user will need to see which custom services that						
IntersterIntersteronly execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be re-armed.ServiceThe custom CIP service/function which is only available when the Custom function has been selected.Class, Instance, AttributeThe CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe length of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.		EtherNet/IP Devices tab). The specific mapped item will then be executed at						
Servicefunction has been selected.Class, Instance, AttributeThe CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe length of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.	Scan	only execute once when communication to the target device is established. If the target device goes offline, then the mapped items with this class will be						
AttributeThe CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.CN In OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the received data will be written. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe length of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target 	Service							
CN In OffsetThis will only be available for Get and Custom functions.Get LengthThe length of the data to be received. If the number of bytes received is more than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.		The CIP class, instance, and attribute of the request message to be sent.						
Get Lengththan the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table. This will only be available for Get and Custom functions.CN Out OffsetThe location in the Data Table where the data to be written to the target device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Set LengthThe length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions.Data TypeThe data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function.	CN In Offset							
CN Out Offset device will be read from. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions. Set Length The length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions. Data Type The data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function. Data Type The value to be written to the target device when the Set Static function has	Get Length	than the Get Length, then the data will not be written to the Data Table.						
Set Length The length of the data to be written. This will only be available for Set and Custom functions. Data Type The data type of the Static Value. This will only be available for Set Static function. The value to be written to the target device when the Set Static function has	CN Out Offset	device will be read from.						
Data Type This will only be available for Set Static function. The value to be written to the target device when the Set Static function has	Set Length	The length of the data to be written.						
The value to be written to the target device when the Set Static function has	Data Type							
been selected.	Static Value	The value to be written to the target device when the Set Static function has been selected.						

The EtherNet/IP Map configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.8 – EtherNet/IP Map configuration parameters

3.6 Adding PROFIBUS DP Devices

The user will need to add each PROFIBUS device to the PLX51-PBS. Each device can then be individually configured. This is done by right-clicking on **PROFIBUS Devices** in the tree and selecting **Add PROFIBUS Device**.

New Project> MyPLX51-PBS (PLX51-PBS) Configuration Profibus Device Add Profibus	×
Configuration Profibus Devices Add Profibus	×
MyPLX51-PBS (PLX51-PBS) Configuration Profibus Devices Add Profibus	
Configuration Profibus Devices Add Profibus	
+ Profibus Devices Add Profibus	
+ Add Profibus	
	Device
d Paste	
යි Paste Special	Ê.
C Export Devic	e List
G Import Devic	e List
Set Watchdo	g (All)
J DP Packet Ca	pture
🧬 Global Contr	ol

Figure 3.28 – Adding a PROFIBUS Field Device

When adding a PROFIBUS Device, a static GSD file based on the PLX51 module, will be automatically applied.

Tevice GSD Selection	×
GSD File	
Standard (PSFT10FE.GSD)	
C Legacy - ProLinx (PGWA05A5.GSD)	
Ok Cancel	

Figure 3.29 – Selecting a PROFIBUS Field Device

Module	GSD Filename
PLX51-PBS	PSFT10FF.GSD
ProLinx	PGWA05A5.GSD

3.6.1 General

The General tab is shown in the following figure:

🔅 MyPL)	x51-PBS - 2 - D	evice Con	figuration						
Genera	Profibus Config	guration [OPV1 Use	r Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms	
	ance nstance Name	PLX51PE	3S						
Dev	vice Details								
G	SD File	PSFT10	F.GSD						
N	/endor	ProSoft 1	Technology	, Inc.					
N	Model	PLX51-P	BS						
b	dentity	0x010FF		Revision	5				

Figure 3.30 – General configuration parameters

The General configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.10 – General configuration parameters

Parameter	Description
Instance Name	The device instance name which will be used to create the Tag names and UDTs in Logix.

When the module is emulating a legacy device, the PLX51-PBS General Configuration parameters will appear as follows:

Profibus (Configuration	DPV1	User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms
ice							
ance Nam	ne ProLinxPr	rofibusS					
ice Details							
SD File	pgwa05a	5.gsd					
/endor	ProLinx C	omm Gat	teways Inc.				
Model	ProLinx P	rofibus S	lave				
dentity	0x005A5		Revision 2				

Figure 3.31 – General configuration parameters (legacy device)

3.6.2 **PROFIBUS** Configuration

The PROFIBUS Configuration tab is shown in the following figure:

MyPLX51-PBS - 2 - Device Configuration		
General Profibus Configuration DPV1 User Parameters Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters DPV1 Objects DPV1 Alarms	
General Profibus Configuration		
Node Address 2 ~	Group Membership	
TSDR 11 (tbits)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
Minimum Slave Interval 6 (x100 us)		
Watchdog	Freeze / Sync	
Watchdog Enable Value 500 (ms)	Freeze Enabled Sync. Enabled	
Profibus Data Options		
Byte/Word Swap Option None ~	Force Data to Zero on Communication Failure	
	Ok Apply Cancel	

Figure 3.32 – PROFIBUS Configuration parameters

When the module is emulating a legacy device, the PLX51-PBS Profibus Configuration parameters will appear as follows:

eneral Profibus Configuration	
Node Address 5 ~	Group Membership
TSDR 11 (tbits)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Minimum Slave Interval 1 (x100 us)	
Watchdog	Freeze / Sync
Watchdog Enable Value 20 (ms)	Freeze Enabled Sync. Enabled
Profibus Data Options	
Byte/Word Swap Option None ~	Force Data to Zero on Communication Failure

Figure 3.33 – PROFIBUS Configuration parameters (legacy device)

The PROFIBUS configuration	consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.11 – Fie	eld Device PROFIBUS Configuration parameters	
er	Description	
		Ì

Parameter	Description
Node Address	This is the station address configured for the added device. This is the address the PROFIBUS Master will use to look for and configure the device for Data Exchange.
TSDR	N/A
Minimum Slave Interval	N/A
Watchdog Enable	N/A
Watchdog Value	N/A
Group Membership	N/A
Byte/Word Swap Option	This parameter will reformat the input and output Profibus DPV0 communication data. Below are the reformat options if the normal data format is AA BB CC DD:
	None
	BB AA
	DD CC BB AA
	CC DD AA BB

3.6.3 DPV1

The DPV1 configuration tab is shown in the following figure:

neral Profibus Configuration DF		-			
DPV1 Settings			Alarm Enable	c	
Enable DPV1			Pull Plu		
Base 1ms			Process	-	
Enable Fail Safe			Diagnos	tic Alarm	
Check Config			Manufa	cturer Alarm	
Alarm Mode 1 of ea	ach 🗸		Status #	Narm	
Alarm Ack uses SAP50			Update	Alarm	

Figure 3.34 – DPV1 configuration parameters

When the module is emulating a legacy device, the DPV1 configuration parameters will appear as follows:

eneral	Profibus Configuration	DPV1	User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Ala
DPV	1 Settings				- Alarm Enables		
	Enable DPV1				Pull Plug Alarm		
	Base 1ms				Process Alarm		
	Enable Fail Safe				Diagnostic Alan		
A	larm Mode 1 of	each	~		Status Alarm	lam	
	Alarm Ack uses SAP5	i0			Update Alarm		

Figure 3.35 – DPV1 configuration parameters (legacy device)

The DPV1 configuration consists of the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Enable DPV1	Enables the DPV1 capabilities of the PLX51-PBS.
Base 1ms	N/A
Enable Fail Safe	N/A
Check Config	N/A
Alarm Mode	N/A
Alarm Ack uses SAP50	This will force the PROFIBUS DP Master to use Service Access Point (SAP) 50 to acknowledge alarms.
Alarm Enables	N/A

3.6.4 User Parameters

Note: You must configure the slave device's user parameters in the settings of the PROFIBUS DP Master.

The User Parameters for the device are shown in the figure below. The User Parameter information is extracted from the device GSD file.

neral	Profibus Configuration	DPV1	User Parameters	Slot Conf	iguration	Start-up Parar	neters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Ala	ms
Ext U	Jser Parameters									
		Parame	eter				Value)		Notes
Use	er Parameter Data									
0	0 00 00									Default

Figure 3.36 – User parameters

When the module is emulating a legacy device, the User Parameters will appear as follows:

ral Pro	fibus Configuration	DPV1	User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Obje	cts DPV1 Alarms
t User	User Parameters						
Parameter Value Notes					Notes		
SF	C3 User Prm Byte			0		0	-7



3.6.5 Slot Configuration

Each slave device can have multiple slots that can be configured. A slot can be a place holder for a process variable or a placeholder for a specific piece of hardware.

yPLX51-PBS	- 2 - Device Configuration							
neral Profib	us Configuration DPV1 User Paramet	ers Slot Configuration Start-up Parameters DPV1 Objects D	OPV1 Alarms					
Slot Configur	ation							Add Module
Slot	Description	Module		Data Point	Data Type	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
						Longui	onoor	



To add a module, select the *Add Module* button. The module selection form will appear listing all the available modules from the GSD file.

ID	Description	Info
001	Input: 1 Byte	Input: 1 Byte
002	Input: 2 Bytes	Input: 2 Bytes
003	Input: 4 Bytes	Input: 4 Bytes
004	Input: 8 Bytes	Input: 8 Bytes
005	Input: 16 Bytes	Input: 16 Bytes
006	Output: 1 Byte	Output: 1 Byte
007	Output: 2 Bytes	Output: 2 Bytes
800	Output: 4 Bytes	Output: 4 Bytes
009	Output: 8 Bytes	Output: 8 Bytes
010	Output: 16 Bytes	Output: 16 Bytes

Figure 3.39 – Module Selection
When the module is emulating a legacy device, the Module Selection will appear as follows:

lodule Descr	iption •	Reset
ID	Description	Info
001	Empty Slot	
002	1 Word Input	
003	2 Words Input	
004	3 Words Input	
005	4 Words Input	
006	5 Words Input	
007	6 Words Input	
800	7 Words Input	
009	8 Words Input	
010	9 Words Input	
011	10 Words Input	
012	11 Words Input	
013	12 Words Input	
014	13 Words Input	
015	14 Words Input	
016	15 Words Input	
017	16 Words Input	
018	1 Word Output	
019	2 Words Output	
020	3 Words Output	
021	4 Words Output	
022	5 Words Output	
023	6 Words Output	
024	7 Words Output	
025	8 Words Output	
026	9 Words Output	
027	10 Words Output	
028	11 Words Output	
029	12 Words Output	
030	13 Words Output	
031	14 Words Output	
032	15 Words Output	
033	16 Words Output	

Figure 3.40 – Module Selection (legacy device)

The *Module Description* filter can be used in conjunction with the wildcard character ("*") to easily locate the required module. Once the required module has been selected press the *Ok* button.

The module will be added to the Slot configuration. The layout of the slot configuration differs slightly depending on whether Logix or Modbus has been selected as the Primary Interface.

neral	Profibus Configuration DPV1 User Paramet	ers Slot Configuration Start-up Parameters DPV1 Obje	cts DPV1	Alarm	IS							
Slot C	Configuration										I	Add Module
Slot	Description	Module				Data Po	int	Data Type	e	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	Input1Byte	01-Input: 1 Byte		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	1	0	
2	Output8Bytes	09-Output: 8 Bytes		+		Output	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	0	



eral	Profibus Configuration DPV1	User Parameters Slot Configuration	Start-up Par	amete	ers	DPV1 Obje	ects	DPV1 Alar	ms						
ot C	onfiguration														Add Module
	oniiguraion														Add Module
Slot	Description	Module				Data Po	oint	Data Typ	е	Byte Length	Regist Type		Modbus Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	Input8Bytes	04-Input: 8 Bytes		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	HR	~	50	0	
2	Output4Bytes	08-Output: 4 Bytes		+		Output	\sim	REAL	~	4	HR	\sim	1000	0	

Figure 3.42 – Slot configuration – (Modbus)

PLX	(51-PBS - 2 - Device Configuration											
eral	Profibus Configuration DPV1 User F	arameters Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 0	Objects	DPV1 A	arm	s				
lot (Configuration											Add Module
									Byte		DP	
Slot	Description	Modu	le			Data Po	int	Data Type	Length	Table Offset	Offset	Ext User Prm
_	Input4Bytes	Modul 03-Input: 4 Bytes	le	+	+	Data Po Input	int ~		Length	Table Offset		Ext User Prm

Figure 3.43 – Slot configuration – (Explicit EtherNet/IP)

When the module is emulating a legacy device, the slot configuration for Logix, Modbus, and Explicit EtherNet/IP will appear as follows:

<i>y. 2n</i>	51-PBS - 2 - Device Configur									
neral	Profibus Configuration DPV1	User Parameters Slot Configuration	Start-up	Paramet	ers	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms			
Slot Co	onfiguration									Add Module
	Description	Madula				Data Roint	Data Turco	Byte		
Slot	Description	Module				Data Point	Data Type	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Pm
Slot	Description a 1WordInput	Module 02-1 Word Input		+		Data Point		Byte Length	DP Offset	

Figure 3.44 – Slot configuration – (Logix) (legacy device)

yPLX:	51-PBS - 2 - Dev	vice Configuratio	n													
neral	Profibus Configu	ration DPV1 U	ser Para	meters	Slot C	Configuration	n :	Start-up Paramet	ers	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Ala	ams				
Slot Configuration Add Module																
Slot	Description	Module				Data Poi	Data Point Data Type Byte Length Register Ty				уре	Modbus Offset	DP Offset	et Ext User Prm		
1	a16WordsIn	17-16 Words Inpu	t	+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	192	HR 🗠		1	0	(null)	
2	a4WordsInput	05-4 Words Input		+		Input	~	SINT	~	8	HR	\sim	97	192	(null)	
3	a16WordsOu	33-16 Words Out		+		Output	~	SINT	\sim	192	IR Y		0	0	(null)	
4	a4WordsOut							IR	~	96	192	(null)				



eneral	Profibus Configuration	DPV1 User Parameters	Slot Con	figuratior	St	tart-up Parar	meten	DPV1 Object	ts	DPV1 Alarms			
											Add Module		
Slot Description Module		Data Point			Data Type		Byte Length	Table Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm			
1	a16WordsInput	17-16 Words Input		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	192	0	0	(null)
2	a4WordsInput	05-4 Words Input		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	192	192	(null)
3	a16WordsOutput	33-16 Words Output		+		Output	\sim	SINT	\sim	192	200	0	(null)
4	a4WordsOutput	21-4 Words Output		+		Output	~	SINT	~	8	392	192	(null)

Figure 3.46 – Slot configuration – (Explicit EtherNet/IP) (legacy device)

Slot Configuration - General

Each module added can consist of one or more Data Points. In the example below the module has two Data Points, one Input and one Output.

The description of each is based on the module name (from GSD file) but can be edited by the user. When using Logix this Description is used to create the member of the device-specific UDTs and thus no illegal Logix characters are permitted. It is also important that these descriptions are unique within a device.

		ters Slot Configuration Start-up Parameters E	 									
ot C	Configuration											Add Module
Slot	Description	Module				Data Po	oint	Data Type	e	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	DigitalInputs	02-Input: 2 Bytes		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	(null)
	DigitalOutputs			+	Х	Output	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	

Figure 3.47 – Slot descriptions

When adding a slot, the data format and size will default to that of the selected module in the GSD file.

Formatting the module's data can be achieved by a combination of adding or removing Data Points and changing the Data Type of each.

Data Points can be added by either right-clicking on the module and selecting *Add Data Point* or by clicking on the "+" button.

Data Points can be removed by either right-clicking on the module and selecting **Delete Data Point** or by clicking on the **"X**" button.

Slot	Description	Module			Data Point	Data Ty	pe	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	DigitalInputs	02-Input: 2 Bytes			lanut ve	CINT	\sim	2	0	(null)
	DigitalOutputs	*		Insert Modu			\sim	2	0	
		0		Configure N						
		×	٤	Delete Mod	lule					
		1	-	Move Modu	ule Up					
		t	-	Move Modu	ule Down					
		+	•	Add Data P	oint					
		24		Delete Data	a Point					

Figure 3.48 - Adding / Removing Data Points

NOTE: Each module must contain at least one Data Point.

After adding a new Data Point, the following should be configured:

- Description
- Data Point Type (Input, Output, None)
- Data Type
- Byte Length

Slot	Description	Module			Data Po	pint	Data Typ	e	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	DigitalInputs	02-Input: 2 Bytes	+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	(null)
	DigitalInputs2		+	Х	Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	2	
	DigitalOutputs		+	X	Output	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	

Figure 3.49 – Configuring Data Points

After updating the Data Type, the Byte Length will be set to match the selected Data Type. By modifying the Byte Length thereafter, an array of that Data Type can be configured. It is however important that the Byte Length is always a multiple of the base Data Length.

Data Type	Byte Length MUST be a multiple of:
BOOL	1
SINT	1
INT	2
DINT	4
REAL	4

Table 3.13 – Data Type – Byte Length Restrictions

IMPORTANT: It is critical that the configured Byte Length be a multiple of the base Data Type.

IMPORTANT: It is critical that the total sum of input and output bytes (of all the Data Points) match that required by the slave device. Not adhering to this could cause unexpected results.

NOTE: The DP (Byte) Offset for each the Data Point will be automatically calculated.

Slot Configuration – Logix Specific

When using Logix as the Primary Interface, the PROFIBUS Data Points will be packed and padded to match a device specific UDT. All the Inputs will be collated together and then all the Outputs.

IMPORTANT: It is important that the Data Point Descriptions do not contain any illegal characters and are not duplicated within a device. Failing to do so will create errors when generating and importing the mapping L5X into Studio 5000.

Slot	Description	Module			Data Po	int	Data Typ	е	Byte Length	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	DigitalInputs	02-Input: 2 Bytes	+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	(null)
	DigitalInputs2		+	Х	Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	2	
	DigitalOutputs		+	х	Output	\sim	SINT	\sim	2	0	



Slot Configuration – Modbus Specific

When using Modbus as the Primary Interface, it is important to configure the Modbus Register Type and Modbus Offset correctly to ensure that multiple Data Points are not mapped to the same Modbus data area.

ot (Configuration											[Add Module
Slot	Description	Module		Data Po	int	Data Type	e	Byte Length	Regist Type		Modbus Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	Input8Bytes	04-Input: 8 Bytes	+	Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	HR	\sim	50	0	
2	Output4Bytes	08-Output: 4 Bytes	+	Output	\sim	REAL	~	4	HR	~	1000	0	

Figure 3.51 – Slot configuration – Modbus Example

IMPORTANT: It is important that the Data Point Register Type and Modbus Offset does not result in multiple Data Points overlapping. Such conflicts will cause unexpected results.

IMPORTANT: It is important that the Data Point Register Type is appropriate for the Data Type, Type (Input/Output) and Modbus interface type (Master/Slave).

IMPORTANT: The range of configured Modbus registers for each register type may not exceed 10,000.

To simplify the Modbus register assignment process, the user can select the **Assign Modbus from Here** option, after right-clicking on a particular mapped item. Once the assignment process is complete, all the mapped items below, and including, the selected item will be updated. Slot Configuration

Slot Desc	ription	Module	
1 Input8Bytes		04-Input [.] 8 Bytes	+
2 Output4Bytes	+	Insert Module	+
	\$	Configure Module	
	×	Delete Module	
	1	Move Module Up	
	+	Move Module Down	
	+-	Add Data Point	
	*	Delete Data Point	
	↓=	Assign Modbus from Here	

Figure 3.52 – Slot configuration – Selecting Assign Modbus from Here option

After selecting this option, the *Modbus Assignment* form will open.

🚸 Modbus A	ssignment				x
Modbus O	ffsets		Modbus Reads		
IR	0	Next Available	Register Type	IR v	
HR	256		Discrete Type	IS 🗸	
IS	0				
cs	608				
		Ok	Cancel		
		UK	Cancer		

Figure 3.53 – Modbus Assignment

The *Modbus Offsets* for each Modbus data type will default to the next available register after the last one referenced. These offsets will be used as the starting registers for the auto-assignment, and can be modified by the user as required.

The *Next Available* button, will return the offsets to their default values.

The automatic assignment of registers will take into account the data type of each data point. In the case of Modbus reads, the assigned type could be either an Input Register (IR) or Holding Register (HR) for non-Booleans and either a Digital Input (IS) or Coil (CS) for Booleans.

The user can specify their preference using the **Register Type** and **Discrete Type** combo box options in the **Modbus Reads** section.

Once the *Ok* button has been clicked, the Modbus *Register Type* and *Modbus Offset* for the selected, and subsequent items, will be updated.

Slot Configuration – Explicit EtherNet/IP Specific

When using Explicit EtherNet/IP as the Primary Interface, it is important to configure the Table Offset correctly to ensure that multiple Data Points are not mapped to the same Data Table area.

neral	Profibus Configuration DPV1 Use	Parameters Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 0	bjects	DPV1 Alarms	3				
Slot C	Configuration										Add Module
								Byte		DP	
Slot	Description	Module	le			Data Point	Data Type	Byte Length	Table Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
	Description	Module 03-Input: 4 Bytes	le	+		Data Point		Byte Length	Table Offset		Ext User Prm



NOTE: It is important that the Data Point Register Type and Data Table Offset do not result in multiple Data Points overlapping. Such conflicts will cause unexpected results.

NOTE: The range of configured Data Table Offsets for each register type may not exceed 10,000.

NOTE: In the former xxx, the *Slot Configuration (Modbus)* tab appeared as follows:

neral	Profibue Configuration	DPV1 User Parameters	Slot Con	figuration	Startup Para	motore	DPV1 Object	to	DPV/1 Alarme			
nerar	Tronbus Conliguration	Di vi Oseri didiletera		generation	Statt-up I ara	metera		10	Di vi Adims			
Slot Co	onfiguration											Add Module
Slot	Description	Module			Data Poi	nt	Data Type		Byte Length	Table Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	a16WordsInput	17-16 Words Input		+	Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	192	0	0	(null)
2	a4WordsInput	05-4 Words Input		+	Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	192	192	(null)
3	a16WordsOutput	33-16 Words Output		+	Output	\sim	SINT	~	192	200	0	(null)
4	a4WordsOutput	21-4 Words Output		+	Output	~	SINT	~	8	392	192	(null)

3.6.6 Start-up Parameters

PLX51-PBM Master mode only. The device start-up parameter information is shown in the figure below.



3.6.7 DPV1 Objects

The DPV1 Objects configuration tab is shown in the following figure:

ieral	Profibus Configura	ation DPV1 l	Jser Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up	Parameters DPV1 Obje	octs DPV1 Alarms	
DPV1	1 Objects							
	Slot	Index	Size	Functions			Tagname	
•	1	32	100	Read/Write	\sim		Slave_Data_1	
					~			



General	Profibus Configu	ration DPV1 Us	ser Parameters	Slot Configuration S	tart-up	Parameters	DPV1 Object	s DPV1 Alarms
0.014								
DPV1	l Objects							
DPV1	Objects							
DPV1	,	Index	Size	Functions		Modbus Ad	dress	
DPV1	Slot	Index						
DPV1	,	Index 1	Size 32	Functions Read/Write	~	Modbus Add		

Figure 3.56 – DPV1 Objects configuration parameters – Modbus

The DPV1 configuration consists of the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Slot	The Slot number to which the PROFIBUS DP transaction will be directed.
Index	The Index number to which the PROFIBUS DP transaction will be directed.
Size	The size (bytes) of the transaction.
Functions	The Functions supported by the Slave device for this object: Read
	Write
	 Read/Write
Tagname	The Logix Tagname where the data will be read / written. (Logix Only)
Modbus Address	The Modbus Holding Register Address where the data will be read / written. (Modbus Only)

The Logix Tagname can be either entered manually or selected using the Logix Tag Browser. The Tag Browser can be launched by clicking on the Browse button (...) adjacent to the Tagname.

NOTE: The logix controller path must be correctly set for the tags to show up in the browser.

[agname	Data Type	
MNETC	MNETCMODULEDEF	
MNETC_Data_Tags	INT[20]	
	SINT	
- MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl	PSPLX51DPGeneralControl	
- MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus	PSPLX51DPGeneralStatus	
- MyPLX51PBS_Slave1	MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA76	
- PBM_Alarm_Data_Last_Byte	SINT[2]	
PBM_Alarm_Data_Sec_Byte	SINT	
- PLX51PBS:I1	_0135:PLX51_PBS_7E6CF713:I:0	
PLX51PBS:01	_0135:PLX51_PBS_78F5E13D:0:0	
— Program:MainProgram	Program	
-Request_Data_DPV1_1	SINT[2]	
-Request_Data_DPV1_2	SINT[2]	
⊩Sec_Third_Byte_PBM	SINT[2]	=
-Server_Stat_Timer	TIMER	
-Slave_Add_DPV1	DINT	
⊩Slave_Alarm_Triggers	SINT[12]	
-Slave_Data_1	SINT[100]	
-Slave_Read_Count	DINT	-

Figure 3.57 – DPV1 Objects Tag Browsing

3.6.8 DPV1 Alarms

The DPV1 Alarms configuration tab is shown in the following figure:

IMPORTANT: The Size of the DPV1 Alarm **must** be greater than 4 or the alarm triggering will not execute.

1 010	aneral I	Profibus Configuration	DPV1 User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms
		1 Alarms	DI VI OSCITAIAIIC(CIS	Slot Conliguiation	Stateup Faranieters	DI VI Objects	DT TT IIdinio
		Size		Tagname			
	►	32		Slave_Alar	m	()

Figure 3.58 – DPV1 Alarms configuration parameters (Logix)

Ŷ	• MyPLX	51-PBS - 2 - Device Co	onfiguration				
	General	Profibus Configuration	DPV1 User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms
	_ DPV	1 Alarms					
		Size	Modbus Address				
	•	32	5600				

Figure 3.59 – DPV1 Alarms configuration parameters (Modbus)

The DPV1 configuration consists of the following parameters:

Table 3.15 – Device DPV1 Alarms configuration parameters

Parameter	Description	
Size	The size (bytes) of the Alarm object.	
Tagname	The Logix Tagname from where the alarm data will be read. (Logix Only)	
Modbus Address	The Modbus Holding Register Address from where the alarm data will be read. (Modbus Only)	

NOTE: The PROFIBUS DP Master connected to the PLX51-PBS will be able to configure the following alarms: Diagnostic Alarm, Process Alarm, Pull Plug Alarm, Status Alarm, Update Alarm, Manufacturer Specific Alarm.

3.7 Module Download

Once the PLX51-PBS configuration is complete, it must be downloaded to the module. The configured IP address of the module is used to connect to the module.

1 To initiate the download, right-click on the module and select the **Download** option.



Figure 3.60 - Selecting Download

2 Once complete, you will be notified that the download was successful.

🔅 ProSoft I	PLX50 Configuration \times
	Download Successful.
	Ok

Figure 3.61 - Successful download

3 Within the PLX50 Configuration Utility environment, the module will be in the *Online* state, indicated by the green circle around the module icon. The module is now configured and will start operating immediately.



Figure 3.62 - Module online

3.8 Logix Configuration

The PLX51-PBS can be easily integrated with Allen-Bradley Logix family of controllers. Integration with the Logix family in Studio5000 makes use of the EDS Add-On-Profile (AOP) or a Generic Module Profile.

3.8.1 EDS AOP (Logix V21+)

Before the module can be added to the tree the module's EDS file must be registered.

Using RSLinx, the EDS file can be uploaded from the device after which the EDS Hardware Installation tool will be invoked to complete the registration.

Alternatively, the EDS file can be downloaded from the product webpage at <u>www.prosoft-technology.com</u> and registered manually using the EDS Hardware Installation Tool shortcut under the Tools menu in Studio 5000.



Figure 3.63 - EDS Hardware Installation Utility

After the EDS file has been registered, the module can be added to the Logix IO tree in Studio 5000. Under a suitable Ethernet bridge module in the tree, select the Ethernet network, right-click and select the New Module option.

	Controller Organizer 🗸 🕈							
	🕀 🗀 Controller DF1RouterExample							
	🕀 🥮 Tasks							
	🖶 🗀 Motion Groups							
	- Add-On Instruc	tion	s					
I	🖶 🖴 Data Types							
I	Trends							
	- the Logical Model							
	😑 🔤 I/O Configuratio	on						
	🖹 🛲 1756 Backpla	ane,	1756-A10					
	🛍 [0] 1756-L75 DF1RouterExample							
	🖻 🖞 [1] 1756-I		TR Eth					
	윪 Ethernet							
I	り New Module							
	Discover Modules							
	Paste Ctrl+V							
	Print							
		_						

Figure 3.64 – Adding a module

The module selection dialog will open. To find the module more easily, use the Vendor filter to select only the ProSoft Technology modules as shown in the figure below.

ct Module Type Catalog Module Discovery	Favorites					
PLX		<u>C</u> lear Filters				Sh <u>o</u> w Filters 🛛 💙
Catalog Number	Description		Vendor	Category		
PLX51-PBM	PLX51-PBM		Prosoft Technol	Communications Adapter		
PLX51-PBS	PLX51-PBS		Prosoft Technol	Communications Adapter		
2 of 612 Module Types Fo	ound					Add to Favorites
Close on Create					Create	Close Help

Figure 3.65 – Selecting a module type

New Module							
: General*	General						
Connection Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration	Type: Vendor: Parent: Na <u>m</u> e: Descri <u>p</u> tion:	PLX51-PBS F Prosoft Techt Local PLX51_PBS	nology		*	Ethernet Address Private Network: 192.168.1. Image: Imag	
					Ŧ		
	- Module Defi	nition					
	Revision:		1.001				
	Electronic K	eying:	Compatible Module	•			
	Connection	3	I/O Connection	Change			
Status: Creating						OK Cancel Help	

Figure 3.66 – Selecting the module

Locate and select the PLX51-PBS module and select the *Create* option. The module configuration dialog will open, where the user must specify the Name and IP address as a minimum to complete the instantiation.

🔝 New Module					×
General*	General				
– Connection – Module Info – Internet Protocol – Port Configuration	Type: Vendor: Parent: Name: Description:	PLX51-PBS PLX51-PBS Prosoft Technology En2T PLX51_PBS	•	Ethernet Address Private Network: IP Address: Host Name:	192.168.1.
	⊂ Module Defi	inition	*		
	Revision:	1.001			
	Electronic K	Keying: Compatible Module	•		
	Connection	is I/O Connection	Change		
Status: Creating				OK	Cancel Help

Figure 3.67 – Module instantiation

Once the instantiation is complete the module will appear in the Logix IO tree.





The Module Defined Data Types will automatically be created during the instantiation process. These data types provide meaningful structures to the module data. An excerpt of the Input Image is shown in the following figure.

PLX51_PBS:I1	{} {.	_0135:PLX51_PBS_7E6CF713:
PLX51_PBS:01	{} {.	_0135:PLX51_PBS_78F5E13D:
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl	{} {.	PSPLX51DPGeneralControl
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus	{} {.	PSPLX51DPGeneralStatus
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1	{} {.	MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA76

Figure 3.69 – Module Defined Data Type

3.8.2 Generic Module Profile (Logix Pre-V21)

IMPORTANT: When using a Generic Module Profile, the user will need to modify the code generated by the PLX50CU to match the single connection profile. To do this the user must remove the connection number from the source and destination tag in the copy blocks (as shown in the example below).

Map Gene	ral	
	CPS Source PLX51_PBS:l <mark>1</mark> .Data[0] Dest PBS_Slave1_CeneralSt	CPS Source PBS_Slave1_GeneralCo ntrol
	Length 1	Dest PLX51_PBS:O[].Data[0] Length 20

Figure 3.70 – Generated Logix Routine from PLX50CU (highlight connection number)

Map General	
CPS- Synchronous Copy File	CPS
Source PLX51_PBS:I.Data[0] Dest_MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus	Source MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl Dest PLX51_PBS:O.Data[0]
Length 1	Length 20

Figure 3.71 – Modified Logix Routine from PLX50CU for Generic Module Profile

When using Logix versions prior to version 21, then the PLX51-PBS module must be added to the RSLogix 5000 I/O tree as a generic Ethernet module. This is achieved by right clicking on the Ethernet Bridge in the RSLogix 5000 and selecting *New Module* after which the *ETHERNET-MODULE* is selected to be added as shown in the figure below.

NOTE: See the next section for importing the configuration (L5X).

	Select Module	×
 I/O Configuration I/56 Backplane, 1756-A4 I/1756-L75 PLX51_PBx I/11756-EA2R eth Ethen New Module Paste Ctrl+V Print ▶ 	Module Description DataMan 8000 Series ID Reader Drivelogix5730 Ethe 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Port on DriveLogix5730 E1 Plus Electronic Overload Relay Communications Interface ETHERNET-BRIDGE Generic Ethernet Module EtherNet/IP SoftLogix5800 EtherNet/IP EX250-SEN1 Ethernet Valve Manifold SIU EX260-SEN2 Ethernet Valve Manifold SIU EX260-SEN3 Ethernet Valve Manifold SIU EX260-SEN4 Ethernet Valve Manifold SIU EX500-GEN1 Ethernet Gateway Find By Category By Vendor Favorites	Vendor Cognex Corp ^ Rockwell Aut Rockwell Aut Rockwell Aut SMC Corpora SMC Corpora

Figure 3.72 - Add a Generic Ethernet Module in RSLogix 5000

The user must enter the IP address of the PLX51-PBS module that will be used. The assembly instance and size must also be added for the input, output, and configuration in the connection parameters section.

New Module		3
Type: ETHERNET-MODULE Generic Etherne Vendor: Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley Parent: EN2T	et Module	
Name: PLX51_PBS	Assembly Instance: Size: Input: 132 500 (8-bit) Output: 133 496 (8-bit)	
Comm Eormat: Data - SINT Address / Host Name IP Address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 170 Dest Name:	Configuration: 102 0 • (8-bit) Status Input:	
🔽 Open Module Properties	OK Cancel Help	-

Figure 3.73 - RSLogix 5000 New Module parameters for PLX51-PBS module

The required connection parameters for the PLX51-PBS module are shown below:

Connection Parameter	Assembly Instance	Size
Input	132	500 (8-bit)
Output	133	496 (8-bit)
Configuration	102	0 (8-bit)

Table 3.16 - RSLogix class 1 connection parameters for the PLX51-PBS module	9
---	---

Туре:	nection Module Info ETHERNET-MODULE Generic Ethern	et Module									
Vendor:	Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley										
Parent:	En2T										
Name:	PLX51 PBS	Connection Par									
Description:			Assembly Instance:	Size:							
		Input:	132	500	😩 (8-bit)						
	-	Output:	133	496	膏 (8-bit)						
Comm Formal	: Data - SINT 🚽	Configuration:	102	0	🔶 (8-bit)						
IP Addre	ess: 192 . 168 . 1 . 170	Status Input:									
🔘 Host Na	me:	Status Output:									

Figure 3.74 - RSLogix 5000 General module properties for PLX51-PBS module

IMPORTANT: The user will need to enter the exact connection parameters before the module will establish a class 1 connection with the Logix controller.

Next, the user needs to add the connection requested packet interval (RPI). This is the rate at which the input and output assemblies are exchanged. Refer to the technical specification section in this document for further details on the limits of the RPI.

Module Properties: eth (ETHERNET-MODULE 1.1)	×
General Connection* Module Info	
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): 50.0 ms (1.0 - 3200.0 ms)	
Module Fault	
Status: Offline OK Cancel Apply Help	

Figure 3.75 - Connection module properties in RSLogix 5000

Once the module has been added to the RSLogix 5000 I/O tree the Logix controller will be ready to connect to the PLX51-PBS with a Class 1 connection.



Figure 3.76 - RSLogix 5000 I/O module tree

3.8.3 Multi-Connection

The PLX51-PBS supports up to four Class 1 (cyclic data exchange) connections. This will allow the user to have more field devices per PLX51-PBS because more data can be exchanged between the Logix controller and the PLX51-PBS.

IMPORTANT: This only applies when the user has implemented the PLX51-PBS into Logix using an EDS AOP. When using a Generic Module Profile in Logix (pre-Logix v21) the user will only be able to use 1 Logix Connection.

When the user verifies the PLX50 Configuration Utility project (this is done by rightclicking on the device and selecting *Verify Configuration*), the software will indicate if all the current configuration will fit into the selected EtherNet/IP Connection count. If not, the user will need to increase the connection count.

In the PLX50 Configuration Utility the user can set the number of EtherNet/IP Connections in the Logix tab of the configuration window (as shown below):

Logix			
EtherNet/IP Connection	ns 1	-	
Controller Path	1 2 3 4		
Response Timeout	500	(ms)	

Figure 3.77 – PLX50CU EtherNet/IP Connection Count

In Logix, the user can increase/decrease the connection count using the EDS AOP:

: General*	Connection					
Connection						
- Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration	Name	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Connection over EtherNet/IP	Input Trigger		
	VO Connection	500.0 ≑ 10.0 - 3000.0	Unicast 🚽	Cyclic 🚽		
	I/O Connection 2	500.0 💠 10.0 - 3000.0		Cyclic 🔍		
	I/O Connection 3	500.0 💠 10.0 - 3000.0		Cyclic 🗸		
	I/O Connection 4	500.0 💠 10.0 - 3000.0		Cyclic 🚽		
	 Inhibit Module Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Module Fault 	1 Run Mode				
itatus: Offline		OK	Cancel	Apply Help		



3.9 Logix Mapping

The PLX50 Configuration Utility will generate the required UDTs and Routines (based on the PLX51-PBS configuration) to map the required PROFIBUS Slave input and output data. The user will need to generate the required Logix and UDTs by right-clicking on the module in the PLX50 Configuration Utility and selecting the *Generate Logix L5X* option.



Figure 3.79 – Selecting Generate Logix L5X

The user will then be prompted to select a suitable file name and path for the L5X file.

🚸 Select a Logix XML I	mport/Export File					— X
😋 🖉 🗢 PL:	K51_PBS				✓ 4 Search PLX51_PBS	٩
Organize 🔻 Ne	w folder				!≡ ▼	0
🔆 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size		
🧮 Desktop	DPV1_Alarm.L5X	6/11/2019 10:24 AM	Logix Designer X	540 KB		
鷆 Downloads						
💯 Recent Places						
🥽 Libraries						
Documents						
🎝 Music						
E Pictures						
🚼 Videos						
💌 Computer						
🚢 Local Disk (C:)						
😪 Shared Folder:	; (\\vn					
👊 Network						
Eile erenen	MyPLX51-PBS.L5X					
	•					
save as type:	Logix XML File (*.L5X)					
) Hide Folders					Save Canc	el

Figure 3.80 - Selecting the Logix L5X file name

This L5X file can now be imported in to the Studio 5000 project by right-clicking on a suitable *Program* and selecting *Add*, and then *Import Routine*.

Controller Organizer				
🖽 🗀 Controller ProfibusGate	eway			
🖨 🖨 Tasks				
🖻 🗟 MainTask				
🖨 🤤 MainProgram	Add	•	B	New Routine
Parameter	Auu			
MainRouti	Cut	Ctrl+X	2	New Local Tag Ctrl+W
Motion Groups	Сору	Ctrl+C		New <u>P</u> arameter
Add-On Instruction	Paste	Ctrl+V		
🕀 🧰 Data Types	Delete	Del		Import Routine
- Trends				
- 🗽 Logical Model	Verify		ι.	
🖨 🚭 I/O Configuration	Cross Reference	Ctrl+E	ι.	
🖻 📼 1756 Backplane,	Browse Logic	Ctrl+L	1	
🔁 [0] 1756-L75	browse Eogre	Curre		
i [1] 1756-EN2	Online Edits	•	ι.	
1756-El	Print		1	
PLX51-	P1111L			
Bretori	Export Program			
	Properties	Alt+Enter		

Figure 3.81 – Importing the L5X file into Studio 5000

In the file open dialog select the previously created L5X file and accept the import by pressing **Ok**.

The import will create the following:

- Mapping Routine
- Multiple UDT (User-Defined Data Types)
- Multiple Controller Tags

Since the imported mapping routine is not a Main Routine, it will need to be called from the current Main Routine.



Figure 3.82 – Calling the mapping routine



Figure 3.83 – Imported Logix Objects

A number of PLX51 specific (UDT) tags are created.

The General Control tag is used to enable the individual slave devices. The Master Control and Redundancy Control tags are not utilized.

MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl	{}	{.		PSPLX51DPGeneralControl
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.MasterControl	0		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.RedundancyControl	0		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable	{}	{.	Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[0]	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[1]	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[2]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[3]	0		Decimal	BOOL

Figure 3.84 – General Control tag

The General Status tag displays the status of the PROFIBUS Slave, including arrays to show the LiveList, Data Exchange Active, Alarm and Diagnostic pending status of each slave device.

MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus	{}} {.	PSPLX51DPGeneralStatus
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ConfigValid	1 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.Owned	1 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DuplicateDPStation	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusFieldbusError	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusDeviceError	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusOffline	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusStopped	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusClear	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusOperational	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.SlaveMode	1 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.PLCRun	0 Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ConfigCRC	16#647c Hex	INT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ActiveNodeCount	1 Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceLiveList	{} {. Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceDataExchangeActive	{} {. Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceAlarmPendingFlags	{} {. Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceDiagnosticPendingFlags	{} {. Decimal	BOOL[128]

Figure 3.85 - General Status tag

There is also a tag created for each configured slave device. The structure of which comprises the following:

- Input Status Status related to slave device
- Input Data As specified in the Input Data Points in the Slot configuration
- Output Control Used to trigger alarms
- Output Data As specified in the Output Data Points in the Slot configuration

MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input	{}	{.		MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA76Input
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status	{}	{.		PSPLX51DPSIaveStatus
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.Online	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.DataExchangeActive	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.IdentMismatch	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.DisabledByOutputAsse	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.DeviceError	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.AlarmPending	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.DiagnosticsPending	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.OutputAssemblyNode	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.MappingCRCMismatch	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.SlaveClearOpMode	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.SlaveAlarmAck	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.StationNumber	2		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Status.DeviceMappingCRC	16#647c		Hex	INT
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Input.Output1Byte	0		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Output	{}	{ ,		MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA76Output
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Output.Control	{}	{ ,		PSPLX51DPSIaveControl
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Output.Control.StationNumber	2		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Output.Control.AlarmTrigger	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_Slave1.Output.Control.DeviceMappingCRC	16#647c		Hex	INT

Figure 3.86 - Slave Device-Specific tag

4 SD Card

The PLX51-PBS supports an SD Card (see below) that can be used for disaster recovery. The SD Card can be pre-loaded with the required firmware and/or application configuration.



Figure 4.1 – Module Side View – SD Card Slot

IMPORTANT: The user will need to ensure that the SD Card has been formatted for FAT32.

IMPORTANT: All files must be copied into the root directory of the SD Card. The module will not use files that are located in folders.

4.1 Firmware

The user can copy the required firmware (which can be downloaded from the ProSoft website) onto the root directory of the SD Card.

🚍 🛃 🧧 = CARD READE	R (G:)								_		×
File Home Share	View										^ 🕐
Pin to Quick Copy Pasta	Cut Copy path Paste shortcut	Move Copy to • to •	Delete Rename	New iter		Properties	Open ▼ Edit History	Select al	one lection		
		olg	unize	New		Open				ED (C.)	0
$\leftarrow \rightarrow \land \uparrow \blacksquare \land CARD$	READER (G:)						~ Ū	Search C	ARD READ	EK (G:)	Q
A	Name	^		Date modified	Туре		Size				
📌 Quick access	PLX51_PE	3S_1001031.afb		11/21/2019 9:54 AM	AFB	File	55	57 KB			
OneDrive	PLX51-PE	3S-FAD3.cfg			CFG	File		4 KB			
💻 This PC											
🗊 3D Objects											
Apple iPhone											
E Desktop											
Documents											
🖶 Downloads											
b Music											
Pictures											
📲 Videos											
🟪 OS (C:)											
CARD READER (G:) 🗸											_
2 items 1 item selected 556	KB										

Figure 4.2 - SD Card - Firmware file

IMPORTANT: The filename must not be changed.

IMPORTANT: If more than one firmware file is present on the SD card, with different firmware revisions, it can cause the module to constantly upgrade the firmware.

If a faulty module is replaced, the user can insert the SD Card (containing the firmware file) into the new module. While the module is booting, it detects if the firmware on the new module is different from that on the SD Card. If yes, the firmware will either be upgraded or downgraded to the firmware on the SD Card.

4.2 Configuration

The user can add the configuration file to the SD Card root directory in one of two ways: Manually or PLX50 Configuration Utility.

During boot-up, the module will determine if the configuration on the SD card is different than the module's current configuration (or no configuration). If it is different, the configuration from the SD card will be downloaded into the module's non-volatile memory.

🕳 🖓 📙 🖛 CARD REA	ADER (G:)				- 0	×
File Home Share						~ 🕐
Din to Ouide Conv. Dacto		K ■ lete Rename New folder		Selectory	t none t selection	
Clipboard	Organize	e New	Open	Se	lect	
$\leftarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \uparrow \blacksquare \diamond CA$	ARD READER (G:)		,	✓ Ö Searc	h CARD READER (G:)	<i>م</i>
	^ Name	Date modified	Type Siz	e		
📌 Quick access	PLX51_PBS_1001031.afb	11/21/2019 9:54 AM	AFB File	557 KB		
len OneDrive	PLX51-PBS-FAD3.cfg		CFG File	4 KB		
This PC This PC Thi						
CARD READER (G:) 2 items 1 item selected						

Figure 4.3 – SD Card – Configuration file

4.2.1 Manual Copy

Once the user has configured the application in the PLX50 Configuration Utility, the user can copy this file into the root directory of the SD Card.

Right-Click on the PLX51-PBS icon and select EXPORT CONFIGURATION FILE.



Figure 4.4 – Configuration Export for SD Card

🚸 Select a PLX50 Device Config Export File 🔤								
🕐 🖓 - 📳 + Computer + Local Disk (C:) + Users + SysAdmin + My Documents + ProSoft Technology + 🚽 🚱 Search ProSoft Technology					Q			
Organize 👻 New folde	r							0
🚖 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size				
🧮 Desktop	\mu Modbus	1/10/2020 1:28 PM	File folder					
📜 Downloads	퉬 Regression Testing	12/3/2019 5:01 PM	File folder					
💹 Recent Places								
🚍 Libraries								
词 Libraries 🗊 Documents								
Music								
Pictures								
Videos								
👰 Computer								
🚢 Local Disk (C:)								
🛫 Shared Folders (\\vn								
🙀 Network								
File name: PLX51-PBS-4ED9.cfg								
						•		
) Hide Folders						<u>S</u> ave	Cancel	

Figure 4.5 - Configuration Export for SD Card

IMPORTANT: The filename of the configuration file must not be changed.

IMPORTANT: If more than one configuration file, with different configuration signatures, is on the SD Card then only the last configuration will be used.

4.2.2 PLX50 Configuration Utility

When the SD Card has been inserted into the module and the user is online in PLX50 Configuration Utility, the user can directly upload the configuration onto the SD Card.

Right-Click on the PLX51-PBS icon and select SAVE CONFIGURATION TO SD CARD.

This copies the configuration from the module directly to the SD Card.

IMPORTANT: All other configuration files in the SD Card root directory will be deleted.



Figure 4.6 – Save Configuration to SD Card

5 Operation

5.1 Logix Operation

The PLX51-PBS can exchange data with a Logix controller by establishing a Class 1 connection.

5.1.1 PROFIBUS DP - Slave

IMPORTANT: The imported Logix routine (generated by the PLX50 Configuration Utility) copies the module's input and output assembly of each connection to the structured input and output assemblies.

General Status

Below are the definitions for the tags in the General Status UDT created by the PLX50CU.

▲ MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus	{}	{.		PSPLX51DPGeneralStatus
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ConfigValid	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.Owned	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DuplicateDPStation	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusFieldbusError	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusDeviceError	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusOffline	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusStopped	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusClear	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ProfibusOperational	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.SlaveMode	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.PLCRun	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ConfigCRC	16#647c		Hex	INT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.ActiveNodeCount	1		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceLiveList	{}	{.	Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceDataExchangeActive	{}	{.	Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceAlarmPendingFlags	{}	{.	Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralStatus.DeviceDiagnosticPendingFlags	{}	{.	Decimal	BOOL[128]

Figure 5.1 – Logix General Status tags

Тад	Description
ConfigValid	Configuration has been downloaded to the PLX51-PBS and is being executed. 1 – PLX51-PBS has been successfully configured. 0 – PLX51-PBS is not configured.
Owned	Indicates if the PLX51-PBS is owned by a Logix Controller with a connection count similar to what has been configured in PLX50CU. 1 – PLX51-PBS is connected. 0 – PLX51-PBS is not connected.
DuplicateDPStation	N/A. PLX51-PBM only.
PROFIBUSFieldbusError	There is a PROFIBUS network issues (e.g. cable unplugged, under/over terminated, etc.).

	1 – Fieldbus error detected.
	0 – Normal (No errors detected).
PROFIBUSDeviceError	At least one slave device has a communication issue (e.g. offline, not exchanging process data, etc.)
	1 – Device error detected.
	0 – Normal (No errors detected).
PROFIBUSOffline	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
PROFIBUSStopped	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
PROFIBUSClear	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
PROFIBUSOperational	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
SlaveMode	When in Slave mode the PLX51-PBS will emulate multiple PROFIBUS Slave devices.
	1 – The PLX51-PBS is in Slave Mode.
	0 – The PLX51-PBS is not in Slave Mode.
ConfigCRC	The signature of the configuration currently executing on the module.
DeviceListList	Indicates the nodes that are online on the local PROFIBUS network. Each bit represents a node. When the specific bit is set '1' then the device is online and when the bit is off '0' the device is not on the PROFIBUS network.
	Bit 0 – Node 0 Online
	Bit 1 – Node 1 Online
	Bit 126 – Node 126 Online
DeviceDataExchangeActive	Indicates the nodes that are online and exchanging DPV0 data on the local PROFIBUS network. Each bit represents a node. When the specific bit is set '1' then the device is online and exchanging data and when the bit is off '0' the device is not exchanging data on the PROFIBUS network.
	Bit 0 – Node 0 Exchanging DPV0 Data
	Bit 1 – Node 1 Exchanging DPV0 Data
	Bit 126 – Node 126 Exchanging DPV0 Data
DeviceAlarmPendingFlags	Indicates the nodes that have an alarm pending on the local PROFIBUS network. Each bit represents a node. When the specific bit is set '1' then the device has an alarm pending that must be unloaded and when the bit is off '0' the device does not have an alarm pending.
	Bit 0 – Node 0 has an alarm pending
	Bit 1 – Node 1 has an alarm pending Bit 126 – Node 126 has an alarm pending
DeviceDiagnosticPendingFlags	Indicates the nodes that have diagnostics pending on the local PROFIBUS network. Each bit represents a node. When the specific bit is set '1' then the device has diagnostics pending that must be unloaded and when the bit is off '0' the device does not have any diagnostics pending.
	Bit 0 – Node 0 has diagnostics pending
	Bit 1 – Node 1 has diagnostics pending
	Bit 126 – Node 126 has diagnostics pending

General Control

Each configured Slave is enabled by setting the correct enable bit in the Logix output assembly. Once the respective bit has been set in the *DeviceEnable* BOOL array, the PLX51-PBS becomes "alive" on the PROFIBUS network, and will start responding to a PROFIBUS DP Master.

MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl	{}	{}		PSPLX51DPGeneralC
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.MasterControl	0		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.RedundancyControl	0		Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable	{}	{}	Decimal	BOOL[128]
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[0]	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[1]	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[2]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[3]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[4]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[5]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS_GeneralControl.DeviceEnable[6]	1		Decimal	BOOL
MUDI V51DRS GeneralControl DeviceEnable[7]	1		Decimal	ROOL

Figure 5.2 – General Control tags

Тад	Description
MasterControl	N/A (For PLX51-PBM only)
RedundancyControl	Reserved.
DeviceEnable[x]	These bits enable nodes on the PROFIBUS network for data exchange. Each bit represents a node.
	When the bit is set '1', the device (if configured) will exchange data with the PROFIBUS DP Master.
	When the bit is set '0', the device does exchange data with the PROFIBUS DP Master.
	Bit 0 – Node 0 is enabled for data exchange
	Bit 1 – Node 1 is enabled for data exchange
	Bit 126 – Node 126 is enabled for data exchange

Monitoring faults (e.g. configured device not found) can be done by viewing the LEDs of the PLX51-PBS (see the *Diagnostics* section for more details), by going online in the PLX50 Configuration Utility and viewing the PLX51-PBS Slave and Device Diagnostics, or by viewing the input assembly of the PLX51-PBS in Logix.

Status and DPV0 Data Exchange

The DPV0 data is exchanged with Logix using the Class 1 EtherNet/IP connection. The device-specific tag contains all the input and output data fields, as well as important control and status information.

MyPLX51PBS	{}	{}		MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA
MyPLX51PBS.Input	{}	{}		MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status	{}	{}		PSPLX51DPSlaveStatus
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.Online	1	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.DataExchangeActive	1]	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.IdentMismatch	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.DisabledByOutputAssembly	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.DeviceError	0		Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.AlarmPending	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.DiagnosticsPending	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
${\it MyPLX51PBS.} Input. {\it Status.} Output {\it AssemblyNodeAddr} Mismatch$	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.MappingCRCMismatch	0]	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.SlaveClearOpMode	0]	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.SlaveAlarmAck	0	1	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.StationNumber	2	1	Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Status.DeviceMappingCRC	16#63aa		Hex	INT
MyPLX51PBS.Input.Output1Byte	5		Decimal	SINT
▲ MyPLX51PBS.Output	{}	{}		MyPLX51PBS_10FFDA
MyPLX51PBS.Output.Control	{}	{}		PSPLX51DPSlaveCont
MyPLX51PBS.Output.Control.StationNumber	2	()	Decimal	SINT
MyPLX51PBS.Output.Control.AlarmTrigger	0]	Decimal	BOOL
MyPLX51PBS.Output.Control.DeviceMappingCRC	16#63aa	1	Hex	INT
MyPLX51PBS.Output.Input1Byte	0	1	Decimal	SINT

Figure 5.3 – PLX51-PBS Slave Device-Specific tag

Тад	Description			
PLX51PBS.Input.Status.				
Online	This bit indicates if the device is online on the PROFIBUS network.			
	1 – Device is online			
	0 – Device is not online			
DataExchangeActive	This bit indicates if the device is configured and exchanging data on the PROFIBUS network.			
	1 – Device is active and exchanging data			
	0 – Device is not exchanging data			
	Ensure that all application code making use of slave device data first checks that the <i>DataExchangeActive</i> bit is 1.			
IdentMismatch	The device configured in the PLX50 Configuration Utility and the device at the configured node address do not match because they have different ident numbers. 1 – Online device Ident does not match configured device			
	0 – Online device and configured device ident match			
DisabledByOutputAssembly	 This bit indicates if the device has not been enabled for data exchange in the PLX51-PBS device enable control bits. 1 – Device has not been enabled for data exchange 0 – Device has been enabled for data exchange 			
DeviceError	This bit indicates an error with the device. 1 – Device has an error 0 – Device has no error			

	The error flag will be set when one of the following conditions occur:
	If there is an ident mismatch during slave parameterization.
	When receiving any form of FDL fault (data link layer fault). For example: SAP Not Activated or Resource Not Available.
	When the data size of the DPV0 data exchange does not match what has been configured in the PLX50 Configuration Utility.
	This Error flag is transient and will clear once a valid response is received.
AlarmPending	Indicates the device has an alarm pending on the PROFIBUS network.
	When the bit is set '1', the device has an alarm pending that must be unloaded.
	When the bit is set '0', the device does not have an alarm pending.
	0 – The node has no alarm pending
	1 – The node has an alarm pending
DiagnosticsPending	Indicates the device has diagnostics pending on the local PROFIBUS network.
	When the bit is set '1', the device has diagnostics pending that must be unloaded.
	When the bit is set '0', the device does not have any diagnostics pending.
	0 – The node has no diagnostics pending
	1 – The node has diagnostics pending
OutputAssemblyNodeAddrMismatch	Indicates that there is a mismatch between the actual device station address and the expected Logix mapping station address.
	0 – Station address matches
	1 – Station address mismatch
MappingCRCMismatch	If there is a mismatch in the mapping between Logix and the PLX51-PBS, it can result in data appearing in the incorrect location. This means you can be sending incorrect data to a device which can have unpredicted results.
	0 – The mapping for the output data is correct.
	1 – There is a mapping mismatch in the output data.
SlaveClearOpMode	When the PLX51-PBS is in Slave Mode ; this indicates that the respective slave is in fieldbus CLEAR mode (received from the DP Master on the network).
	0 – Slave Station is in CLEAR fieldbus mode.
	1 – Slave Station is not in CLEAR fieldbus mode.
SlaveAlarmAck	When the PLX51-PBS is in Slave Mode ; this indicates that the respective emulated slave has received an acknowledgement for the pending alarm.
	0 – Slave Station has received an Alarm Acknowledgement for last pending alarm.
	1 – No Alarm Acknowledgement have been received for a pending alarm or there is no alarm pending.
StationNumber	The station number of the specific slave device.
DeviceMappingCRC	The checksum of the Mapping for the specific slave device.
DeviceSpecificInputDataFields	The tags created for the input data will be slave specific.

Table 5.4 – Device Output tags			
Tag Description			
PLX51PBS.Output.Control.			
StationNumber	The station number entered by the Logix mapping code of the specific slave device.		
AlarmTrigger	When the PLX51-PBS is in Slave Mode; when this bit changes from 0 to 1, it will trigger an alarm notification to the DP Master.		
DeviceMappingCRC	The checksum of the mapping that was applied by the generated Logix code used to verify if the mapping being used is valid.		

DPV1 Class 1 Messaging (MS1)

The PLX51-PBS Slave feature supports DPV1 Class 1 (MS1) messaging. See the *DPV1 Objects* in the PLX50 Configuration Utility *Device Configuration* section for more information regarding the configuration of the DPV1 Objects. You can configure several slot and index combinations for DPV1 Class 1 communication (for each added PROFIBUS Slave device).

When the PROFIBUS Master sends a DPV1 read/write command for the configured slot and index, the PLX51-PBS accesses the configured Logix tag to provide the required data. The data to be written or read is extracted from the Logix SINT array. This array was configured in the DPV1 objects of the device configuration window. Below is an example of the DPV1 operation when the PLX51-PBS has been configured as a PROFIBUS Slave.



Figure 5.4 – PLX51-PBS DPV1 Object exchange

<u>Alarming</u>

The PLX51-PBS slave feature supports DPV1 Alarming. You can trigger an alarm from the Logix device output assembly, which will notify the PROFIBUS Master that a new alarm has been generated. When the PROFIBUS Master sends a DPV1 alarm read command, the PLX51-PBS accesses the configured Logix tag to provide the required data for the specific alarm.

NOTE: The PLX51-PBS allows only one alarm to be triggered at a time.

1 To trigger an alarm notification for the PROFIBUS Master, toggle (from 0 to 1) the *AlarmTrigger* tag in the field device output assembly as shown below:

PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output	{}		PBS01_1	0FF3E83Output
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output.Control	{}		PSPLX51DPSIaveControl	
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output.Control.StationNumber	2	Decimal	SINT	
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output.Control.AlarmTrigger	0	Decimal	BOOL	
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output.Control.DeviceMappingCRC	-27247	Decimal	INT	
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Output.Input1Byte	33	Decimal	SINT	

- 2 Once the alarm has been triggered, the PLX51-PBS reads the alarm data from the configured Logix tag and add it to the PROFIBUS diagnostics (which will then be read by the PROFIBUS Master).
- 3 When the PROFIBUS Master acknowledges the alarm, the *SlaveAlarmAck* bit in the field device input assembly is set, indicating to the Logix controller that the next alarm can be triggered.

PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input	{}		PBS01_10FF3E83Input
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status	{}		PSPLX51DPSIaveStatus
-PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.Online	1	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.DataExchangeActive	1	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.IdentMismatch	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.DisabledByOutputAssembly	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.DeviceError	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.AlarmPending	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.DiagnosticsPending	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.OutputAssemblyNodeAddrMi	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.MappingCRCMismatch	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.SlaveClearOpMode	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.SlaveAlarmAck	0	Decimal	BOOL
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.StationNumber	0	Decimal	SINT
PBS01_PLX51PBS.Input.Status.DeviceMappingCRC	0	Decimal	INT

Figure 5.6 – PLX51-PBS Alarm Acknowledge

	Table	5.5 – Slave Alarm I	Data Format
Alarm Parameter	Byte Offset	Byte Size	Description
Alarm Length	0	1	Length of the Alarm data at the bottom of the table.
Alarm Type	1	1	Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics Examples: 1 – Diagnosis Alarm 2 – Process Alarm 3 – Pull Alarm 4 – Plug Alarm 5 – Status Alarm 6 – Update Alarm
Alarm Slot	2	1	Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.
Alarm Specifier	3	1	Bit 0 to 1. Refer to the PROFIBUSSpecification EN 50170 for informationregarding the diagnosticsExamples:0 - no further differentiation1 - Incident appeared2 - Incident disappeared and slot is ok3 - One incident disappeared, others remain
Alarm data	4	Alarm Length	Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.

The format of the DPV1 Alarm data in the Logix SINT array is shown below:

An example of the Alarm Data is shown below:

Name 📰	Value 🗧	Style	Data Type	Description
DPV1Alarm	{}	Hex	SINT[40]	
DPV1Alarm[0]	16#05	Hex	SINT	Alarm Data Length
DPV1Alarm[1]	16#01	Hex	SINT	Alarm Type
DPV1Alarm[2]	16#03	Hex	SINT	Alarm Slot
DPV1Alarm[3]	16#01	Hex	SINT	Alarm Specifier
DPV1Alarm[4]	16#11	Hex	SINT	Alarm Data
DPV1Alarm[5]	16#22	Hex	SINT	
DPV1Alarm[6]	16#33	Hex	SINT	
DPV1Alarm[7]	16#44	Hex	SINT	
DPV1Alarm[8]	16#55	Hex	SINT	
DPV1Alarm[9]	16#00	Hex	SINT	

Figure 5.7 – DPV1 Alarm Data Example
5.2 Modbus Operation

When the PLX51-PBS has been setup for Modbus communication it will exchange data with a remote Modbus device. Depending on the Primary Interface selection, the PLX51-PBS will either function as a Modbus Master or Modbus Slave.

NOTE: When configured as a Modbus Slave the Modbus Master device will need to read and write all required data from the configured Modbus address ranges. When configured as a Modbus Master the PLX51-PBS will automatically update the required Modbus registers in the configured remote target.

5.2.1 PROFIBUS DP - Slave

Each configured Slave will be enabled by setting the correct enable bit in the Device Control Coil Status bits. Once the respective bit has been set in the Device Control Coil Status bits the PLX51-PBS will become "alive" on the PROFIBUS network and will start responding to a PROFIBUS DP Master.

Slave Device Status

The Slave Status is populated in either Coil (CS) or Holding (HR) registers starting at the **Status Register Offset.**

CS Offset	Description
Slave Status	
0	Configuration Valid
1	Owned
2	Duplicate DP Station
3	PROFIBUS Fieldbus Error
4	PROFIBUS Device Error
5	PROFIBUS OFFLINE
6	PROFIBUS STOPPED
7	PROFIBUS CLEAR
8	PROFIBUS OPERATIONAL
9	Master/Slave Mode (1 = Slave Mode)
32 - 158	Live List Flags (Station Address 0 - 126)
160 - 286	Data Exchange Flags (Station Address 0 - 126)
288 - 414	Alarm Pending Flags (Station Address 0 - 126)
416 - 542	Diagnostic Pending Flags (Station Address 0 - 126)
544 + (16 x [Station Address])	Online
545 + (16 x [Station Address])	Data Exchange Active
546 + (16 x [Station Address])	Ident Mismatch
547 + (16 x [Station Address])	Disabled by Output Assembly
548 + (16 x [Station Address])	Device Error
549 + (16 x [Station Address])	Alarm Pending
550 + (16 x [Station Address])	Diagnostics Pending
551 + (16 x [Station Address])	Output Assembly Station Address Mismatch
552 + (16 x [Station Address])	Mapping CRC Mismatch

553 + (16 x [Station Address])	Slave Clear Op Mode
554 + (16 x [Station Address])	Slave Alarm Ack

The Slave Device Enable and (Alarm) Control is located in either Coil (CS) or Holding (HR) Registers starting at the Device Control Register offset.

Table 5.7 – Modbus Slave Device Control						
Description						
Device Enable						
Device Enable (Station Address 0 - 126)						
DPV1 Alarm Trigger						

The Modbus Communication Status is located in Holding (HR) registers starting at the *Modbus Communication Status offset* configured in the *Modbus Addressing* tab.

HR Offset	Description
Modbus Communication Status when	operating as a Modbus Slave
	Bit 0 – PLX51-PBS Modbus Slave Communication Status
0	1 – Modbus Communication Ok
	0 – Modbus Communication Failed
Modbus Communication Status when	operating as a Modbus Master
	Bit 0 – Modbus Node 0 Communication Status
0	1 – Modbus Communication Ok
	0 – Modbus Communication Failed
	Bit 0 – Modbus Node 1 Communication Status
1	1 – Modbus Communication Ok
	0 – Modbus Communication Failed
	Bit 0 – Modbus Node 253 Communication Status
253	1 – Modbus Communication Ok
	0 – Modbus Communication Failed
	Bit 0 – Modbus Node 254 Communication Status
254	1 – Modbus Communication Ok
	0 – Modbus Communication Failed

DPV0 Data Exchange

The DPV0 data exchange for each slave device is configured in the slot configuration.

nera	Profibus Configuration DPV1	User Parameters Slot Configuration	Start-up Para	me	ters	DPV1 Obje	ects	DPV1 Alarr	ms						
Slot (Configuration													[Add Module
Slo	t Description	Module				Data Po	oint	Data Typ	е	Byte Length	Regist Type		Modbus Offset	DP Offset	Ext User Prm
1	Input8Bytes	04-Input: 8 Bytes		+		Input	\sim	SINT	\sim	8	HR	\sim	50	0	
2	Output4Bytes	08-Output: 4 Bytes		+		Output	\sim	REAL	\sim	4	HR	\sim	1000	0	



DPV1 Class 1 Messaging (MS1)

The user can exchange DPV1 Class 1 data with a configured field device using the configured Modbus Registers. The user will need to assign Slot and Index combinations to Modbus Holding Register Addresses (see below).

General	Profibus Configur	ration DPV	User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up	Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms	
DPV	1 Objects								
	-								
	Slot	Index	Size	Functions	6	Modbus Ad	dress		
	Slot 1	Index 0	Size 10	Functions	s 	Modbus Ad			

Figure 5.9 – DPV1 Objects Holding Register address

Once the PROFIBUS Master reads or writes to a DPV1 Class 1 Slot/Index, the PLX51-PBS will use the data located at the configured Modbus Address.

NOTE: If the PLX51-PBS has been setup as a Modbus Master then the data will be read or written to the specific Modbus HR address in the target device when the DPV1 Message request is received on the PROFIBUS network.

<u>Alarming</u>

The PLX51-PBS supports DPV1 Alarming when operating as a PROFIBUS Slave. The user can trigger an alarm from the Modbus Device Control Register offset which will notify the PROFIBUS Master that a new alarm has been generated. When the PROFIBUS Master sends a DPV1 alarm read command, the PLX51-PBS will access the configured Modbus Holding address to provide the data for the specific alarm.

NOTE: The PLX51-PBS can only allow one alarm to be triggered at a time.

To trigger an alarm notification for the PROFIBUS Master, toggle (from 0 to 1) the AlarmTrigger tag in the Device Control Alarm Trigger as shown below:

Table 5.9 – Modbus Slave Device Control					
CS Offset	Description				
Device Control					
128 + (8 x [Station Address])	DPV1 Alarm Trigger				

Once the alarm has been triggered the PLX51-PBS will read the alarm data from the configured Modbus Holding Register address range and add it to the PROFIBUS diagnostics (which will then be read by the PROFIBUS Master) as shown below.

MyPLX51-PBS - 2 - Device Configuration							
General	Profibus Configurati	on DPV1	User Parameters	Slot Configuration	Start-up Parameters	DPV1 Objects	DPV1 Alarms
DPV1 Alarms							
DPV							
	Size	Modbus	Address 🔻				

Figure 5.10 – DPV1 Alarm Holding Register address

When the PROFIBUS Master acknowledges the alarm, the SlaveAlarmAck bit in the Slave Device Status Register offset for the field device will be set indicating that the next alarm can be triggered.

Table 5.10 - Modbus	Device Status
---------------------	---------------

CS Offset	Description
Slave Device Status	
544 + (16 x [Station Address])	Online
545 + (16 x [Station Address])	Data Exchange Active
546 + (16 x [Station Address])	Ident Mismatch
547 + (16 x [Station Address])	Disabled by Output Assembly
548 + (16 x [Station Address])	Device Error
549 + (16 x [Station Address])	Alarm Pending
550 + (16 x [Station Address])	Diagnostics Pending
551 + (16 x [Station Address])	Output Assembly Station Address Mismatch
552 + (16 x [Station Address])	Mapping CRC Mismatch
553 + (16 x [Station Address])	Slave Clear Op Mode
554 + (16 x [Station Address])	Slave Alarm Ack

NOTE: An alarm will only be triggered when the AlarmTrigger tag is toggled from 0 to 1.

The format of the DPV1 Alarm data in the configured Modbus Holding Register array is shown below:

Alarm Parameter	Holding Register Offset	Byte Size	Description
Alarm Length	0 – low byte	1	This is the length of the Alarm Data shown below.
			Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.
Alarm Type	0 – hi byte	1	Below are some examples:
			1 - Diagnosis_Alarm
			3 - Pull_Alarm
			4 - Plug_Alarm
Alarm Slot	1 – low byte	1	Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.
			Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.
			Below are some examples:
Alarm Specifier	1 – high byte	1	0 - no further differentiation
			1 – Incident appeared
			2 – Incident disappeared and slot is ok
			3 - One incident disappeared, others remain
Alarm data	2	Alarm Length	Refer to the PROFIBUS Specification EN 50170 for information regarding the diagnostics.

Table 5.11 – Slave Alarm Data Format

Modbus Auxiliary Map

The Modbus Auxiliary Map configuration is enabled when *Enable Modbus Auxiliary Mapping* has been enabled in the Modbus tab, and configured for Modbus Master. This will allow the user to read and/or write any internal PLX51-PBS Modbus Register to any Modbus Slave. Up to 20 Modbus Slaves can be connected and up to 200 mapped items can be configured.

IMPORTANT: When Modbus Auxiliary Mapping is enabled, the automatic polling of referenced Modbus registers is disabled. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that all the required PROFIBUS control and data registers are collected from the appropriate remote Modbus slave devices.

The PLX51-PBS Modbus Auxiliary Map configuration window is opened by either double clicking on the module in the tree, or right-clicking the module and selecting *Configuration*.

IyPLX3	51-PBS - Configu	ration									
neral	Modbus Modbu	is Addres	sing Profibus	Logix	Advanced Modbu	: Auxiliary Map					
Modbus Auxiliary Map											
	Modbus Funct	ion	Register Ty	ре	Local Reg.	Count	Remote Reg.	IP Address	Node	Reformat	
	Read	•	HR	-	64000	125	64000	192.168.1.12	4	None	-
ſ	Write	•	HR	-	100	125	64125	192.168.1.12	4	None	-

Figure 5.11 – PLX51-PBS Modbus Auxiliary Map configuration

The Modbus Auxiliary Map configuration consists of the following parameters:

Parameter	Description				
Modbus Function	This is the Modbus function is the used with the Modbus Slave.				
	Read – Read a Modbus Register (eg. HR, IR, CS, or IS) from a Modbus Slave.				
	Write – Write a Modbus Register (eg. HR, IR, CS, or IS) to a Modbus Slave.				
Register Type	Modbus Register Type:				
	CS – Coil Status				
	IS – Input Status				
	IR – Input Register				
	HR – Holding Register				
Local Reg.	The local PLX51-PBS Modbus address.				
Count	The number of Modbus elements to read or write.				
Remote Reg.	The remote slave Modbus address.				
IP Address	The IP address of the remote Modbus TCP slave.				
Node	The Modbus Node address of the remote Modbus slave.				
Reformat	How the data is formatted before reading or writing from/to the Modbus slave.				
	None – No reformatting will be done.				
	BB AA – 16bit Byte swap				
	BB AA DD CC – 32bit Byte Swap				
	CC DD AA BB – Word Swap				
	DD CC BB AA – Word and Byte Swap				

Table 5.12 - Modbus Auxiliary Map configuration parameters

5.3 EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging Operation

When the PLX51-PBS has been setup for EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging communication it will exchange data with remote EtherNet/IP devices using either connected Class 3 messaging or Unconnected Messaging (UCMM). This will allow the user to exchange data between a EtherNet/IP device and a Profibus DP Master.

The user can map up to 10Kbytes of EtherNet/IP data to the PLX51-PBS module which can then be mapped to DPV0 communication data for any of the configured DP Slaves.

Each EtherNet/IP device configured can also provide communication status which can be mapped to DPV0 data to inform the DP Master that the PLX51-PBS has lost communication with a specific EtherNet/IP device. The user will need to enter the location in the Data Table where the communication status for the device can be found (as shown below).

MyPLX	51-PBM -	Configuration											
General	Modbus	Modbus Addressir	ng Profibus	Logix	Advanced	Modbus Auxiliary Map	EtherNet/	/IP Devices	EtherNet/IP N	Лар			
Sche	duled Dev	ice Settings											
E	therNet/IP	Communication	UCCM		\sim	Scan C	lass A	500	ms	Scan Class	s C	2000	ms
E	therNet/IP	Explicit Timeout	2000		ms	Scan C	lass B	1000	ms	Scan Class	s D	5000	ms
D	evice List	(max 5)											
	Dev	ice Name	CIP Path 192.168.1.100			Browse	Timeou	ıt Ret	ry Count	Comm	Status Off	set	
1	Pov	werFlex700 19				50)	3		1000		

Figure 5.12 – EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging Communication Status

Communication Status per EtherNet/IP device

Bit 0 - (1) Device online / (0) Device offline.

Bit 1 to 7 – Reserved.

5.4 Firmware Upgrade

Using the PLX50 Configuration Utility, you can upgrade the PLX51-PBS firmware in the field.

1 In the PLX50 Configuration Utility, go to the *Tools* menu and select the **DEVICEFLASH** option.



Figure 5.13 - DeviceFlash Tool

2 In the Select a Device Flash File window, select the appropriate AFB binary file and click **OPEN**.

→ · · ↑ 📑 > This PC → E	Documents > ProSoft Technology		5 ~	Search DroSe	oft Technology	p
	Search ProSoft Technology					
rganize 🔻 New folder					855 👻 🛄	(
OneDrive	Name	Date modified	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA CONTRACTOR O	Size		
 This PC 3D Objects Desktop 	PLX51_PBS_1001.afb	4/21/2019 1:28 AM	AFB File	595 KB		
Documents						
Downloads Music						
E Pictures Videos						
SS (C:)						
🛫 Engineering (J:) 🛫 DriveK (K:)						
🛫 Technical Support (\\psft						
🔮 Network 🗸 🗸						
File name:			~	Device Flash	n	
				Open	Cancel	

Figure 5.14 - Select the AFB binary

3 In the Target Browser window, select the PLX51-PBS's IP address and click Ok.



Figure 5.15 - Select the PLX51-PBS module

4 Once the firmware update is complete, the *DeviceFlash* option provides the details of the updated module.

Parameter	Source File	Target Device	1
Path	PLX51_PBS_1001	192.168.1.170	
Product	PLX51-PBS	PLX51-PBS	
Vendor	309	309	
Device Type	12	12	
Product Code	5229	5229	
	Flash Ca	ancel	

Figure 5.16 – PLX51-PBS successfully updated.

IMPORTANT: The PLX51-PBS firmware is digitally signed so you will only be able to flash the PLX51-PBS with authorized firmware.

6 **Diagnostics**

6.1 LEDs

The module provides six LEDs for diagnostics purposes as shown below.



Figure 6.1 - PLX51-PBS LEDs

Table 6.1 - Module LED operation

LED	Description			
Ok	Flashing Green – The module has booted and is running correctly without any application configuration loaded.			
	Solid Green – The module has booted and is running correctly with application configuration loaded.			
	Solid Red – The module is not operating correctly. For example, if the module application firmware has been corrupted or there is a hardware fault.			
A / B	This module has two Ethernet ports; A and B. Each LED represents each specific port.			
	The Ethernet LED lights up when an Ethernet link has been detected (by plugging in a connected Ethernet cable).			
	The LED flashes every time traffic is detected.			
SF	Off – This LED is N/A.			
BF	This LED indicates the status of the configured field devices.			
	Solid Red – There are bus communication errors present (if no valid packet has been received by any configured slave for more than 1 second).			
	Flashing Red – There are slave errors present (at least one slave has not been configured properly and is not exchanging DPV0 data).			
	Flashing Green – All slaves are successfully exchanging DPV0 data and the DP network operational state is clear.			
	Solid Green – All slaves are successfully exchanging DPV0 data and the DP network operational state is operate.			
AUX	This LED is used for the activity on the Primary Interface (e.g. EtherNet/IP, Modbus RTU, or Modbus TCP).			
	Flashing Green – A valid packet is received from the Primary Interface.			
	Flashing Red – A corrupted packet was received (e.g. failed checksum when using RS232 or RS485).			

6.2 Module Status Monitoring

The PLX51-PBS provides a range of statistics that can assist with module operation, maintenance, and fault finding. The statistics can be accessed by the PLX50 Configuration Utility or using the web server in the module.

To view the module's status in the PLX50 Configuration Utility environment, the PLX51-PBS must be online. If the module is not already Online (following a recent configuration download), then right-click on the module and select the **GO ONLINE** option.



Figure 6.2 - Selecting to Go Online

The Online mode is indicated by the green circle behind the module in the Project Explorer tree.

6.2.1 PLX51-PBS

The PLX51-PBS Status window is opened by either double-clicking on the *Status* item in the Project Explorer tree, or by right-clicking on the module and selecting *Status*.



Figure 6.3 - Selecting PLX51-PBS online Status

The status window contains multiple tabs to display the current status of the module.

<u>General</u>

The General tab displays the following general parameters:

Config Valid	Valid	MAC Address		00:0D:8D:20:00:	2B
Dwned [n/a	Temperature		59.2 °C	
Mode [Slave	Processor Scan		16.0 us	
Profibus State	n/a	Ethernet Port 1		Down	
Master Node	n/a	Ethernet Port 2		Up	
BAUD Rate	12000 kbit/s - Auto	Ethernet DLR		Disabled	
0 bytes/second	0	NTP Status		Disabled	
Acyclic Requests Pending	n/a	SD Card		None	
Up Time [5d - 23:12:37	DIP Switches	SW1	I - Safe Mode	Off
Firmware Revision	1.001.033		SW2	2 · Force DHCP	Off
Configuration Signature	0x0EFF		SW3	3 - Config. Lock	Off
			S₩4	4 - Fixed IP Address	Off

Figure 6.4 – PLX51-PBS Status monitoring - General

Table 6.2 - Parameters	displayed in the Status	Monitoring – General Tab
Table 0.2 - Parameters	usplayed in the Status	Monitoring – General Tab

Parameter	Description
Config Valid	Indicates if the downloaded configuration is valid and executing.
Owned	Indicates whether or not the module is currently owned (Class 1) by a Logix Controller. (Ethernet/IP mode only)
Mode	Mode of operation of the module. The following states can be returned:
	Quiet
	This mode allows you to connect the PLX51-PBS to an active bus and run a DP packet capture. In this mode, the PLX51-PBS will not communicate on the DP Bus, but rather only listen.
	Slave
	In this mode, the PLX51-PBS will emulate multiple PROFIBUS Slave devices.
PROFIBUS State	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
Master Node	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
BAUD Rate	The BAUD Rate of the PROFIBUS network.
IO bytes/second	The number of process variable bytes being exchanged between the PLX51-PBS and slave devices every second.
Acyclic Requests Pending	N/A. For PLX51-PBM only.
Up Time	Indicates the elapsed time since the module was powered-up.
Firmware Revision	The current PLX51-PBS application firmware revision.

Configuration Signature	The current PLX51-PBS signature of the configuration.
MAC Address	Displays the module's unique Ethernet MAC address.
Temperature	The internal temperature of the module.
Processor Scan	The amount of time (microseconds) taken by the module's processor in the last scan.
Ethernet Port 1/2	The status of each Ethernet port.
	Down
	The Ethernet connector has not been successfully connected to an Ethernet network.
	Up
	The Ethernet connector has successfully connected to an Ethernet network.
	Mirror Enabled
	The Ethernet port is mirroring the traffic on the other Ethernet port.
Ethernet DLR (Device Level Ring)	The status of the Ethernet DLR.
	Disabled
	The DLR functionality has been disabled.
	Linear
	The DLR functionality has been enabled and the Ethernet network architecture is linear.
	Ring – Fault
	The DLR functionality has been enabled and the Ethernet network architecture is ring, but there is a fault with the network.
	Ring – Ok
	The DLR functionality has been enabled and the Ethernet network architecture is ring and is operating.
NTP Status	The status of the local NTP Client.
	Disabled
	The NTP time synchronization has been disabled.
	Locked
	NTP time synchronization has been enabled and the PLX51-PBS has locked onto the target time server.
	Not Locked
	NTP time synchronization has been enabled and the PLX51-PBS has not locked onto the target time server.
DIP Switch Position	The status of the DIP switches when the module booted.

Slave Status

The Slave Status tab displays the following parameters:

ſ	PLX51-PBS - Status					
	General Slave Status	Modbus Statistics	Ethernet Clients	TCP / ARP		
	BAUD Rate		kbit/s			
	Auto-BAUD	Ena	bled			
	CLEAR Op-Mode	Nor	mal			
	Comms State	0	k			
	Slave Count					
	Last Response Time	1	5	(us)	Clear	
	Max Response Time	1	34	(us)		
	Min Response Time	1	0	(us)		

Figure 6.5 – PLX51-PBS Status monitoring – Slave Status

Parameter	Description
BAUD Rate	Current BAUD rate of the PROFIBUS Network.
Auto-BAUD	If the BAUD rate for the PROFIBUS Network will be automatically detected.
CLEAR Op-Mode	If the operational state of the PROFIBUS Network is CLEAR.
Comms State	OK All configured slaves are operating correctly.
	Failure
	At least one of the configured devices are not operating correctly.
Slave Count	Number of slaves configured.
Last Response Time	The time it took (in microseconds) to respond to the last request from a DP Master.
Max Response Time	The maximum time it took (in microseconds) to respond to a request from a DP Master.
Min Response Time	The minimum time it took (in microseconds) to respond to a request from a DP Master.

Modbus Statistics

The Modbus Statistics tab displays the statistics associated with the Modbus communication and mapping.

ral Slave Status Modbus Statis	ics Ethernet Clients TCP / AF	P		
lodbus Statistics Counter	Value	Counter	Value	C
Tx Packet Count	27422	Data Alignment Errors	0	
Rx Packet Count	27422	Illegal Function	0	
Checksum Errors	0	Illegal Data Address	0	
Parity Errors	0	Illegal Data Value	0	
Timeout Errors	0	Slave Device Failure	0	
Data Too Large	0	Acknowledge - Reponse Delay	0	
Register Not Valid	0	Slave Device Busy	0	
Node Mismatch	0	Negative Acknowledge	0	

Figure 6.6 – PLX51-PBS Status monitoring – Modbus Statistics

Statistic	Description
Tx Packet Count	The number of Modbus packets sent by the module.
Rx Packet Count	The number of Modbus packets received by the module.
Checksum errors	The number of corrupted Modbus packets received by the module.
Parity errors	The number of bytes with parity errors received by the module.
Timeout Errors	The number of message response timeouts the module has encountered.
Data Too Large	The number of Modbus requests/responses where the data was too large.
Register Not Valid	The number of Modbus requests containing an invalid register.
Node Mismatch	The received Modbus request did not match the module's Modbus node address.
Data Alignment Errors	The Modbus request and associated mapped item is not byte aligned with the destination Logix tag.
Illegal Function	The number of Illegal Function exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Illegal Data Address	The number of Illegal Data Address exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Illegal Data Value	The number of Illegal Data Value exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Slave Device Failure	The number of Device Failure exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Acknowledge – Response Delay	The number of Acknowledge exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Slave Device Busy	The number of Slave Busy exceptions returned by the Modbus device.
Negative Acknowledge	The number of Negative Acknowledge exceptions returned by the Modbus device.

Table 6.4 – Modbus statistics

Modbus Devices

The Modbus Devices tab displays the active Modbus Client/Server devices the module is communicating with.

ieneral	Slave	Status	Mo	odbus	Statistics	Mo	dbus D	evices	Ethen	net Clie	nts T(CP / AF	RP							
Mode	ous Dev	ice Sta	tus –																	
N	4 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
2	0 2	1 2	2	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
4	0 4	1 4	2	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
6	0 6	1 6	2	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
8	0 8	1 8	2	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
10	0 10	1 1()2	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119
12	20 12	1 12	22	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139
14	40 14	1 14	42	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159
16	50 16	1 1(52	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
18	30 18	1 18	32	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199
20	0 20	1 20)2	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219
22	20 22	1 22	22	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239
24	40 24	1 24	42	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254					

Figure 6.7 – PLX51-PBS Status monitoring – Modbus Devices

EtherNet/IP Explicit Statistics

The EtherNet/IP Explicit Statistics tab displays the statistics for the combined EtherNet/IP target devices when the *Primary Interface* has been set to *EtherNet/IP Explicit Messaging*.

herNet/IP Explicit Statistics					
Counter	Value	(Clear		
Read Successes	45	3			
Write Successes	50	1			
Transactions Failed	38	2			
Transaction Timeouts)			
Callback Id Mismatch)			
Map Range Overrun)			
Map Length Overrun)			

Figure 6.8 – PLX51-PBS Slave mode status monitoring – EtherNet/IP Explicit Statistics

Parameter	Description
Read Successes	The number of successful Explicit EtherNet/IP read message transactions.
Write Successes	The number of successful Explicit EtherNet/IP write message transactions.
Transactions Failed	The number of failed Explicit EtherNet/IP message transactions. For example, if the target EtherNet/IP device responded with an error.
Transaction Timeouts	The number of times the target EtherNet/IP device did not respond within the configured timeout time.
Callback Id Mismatch	The received response from the EtherNet/IP device does not match the request sent.
Map Range Overrun	The response is larger than the upper limit of the Data Table.
Map Length Overrun	The response is larger than the configured expected response size.

Table 6.5 - Parameters displayed in the Status Monitoring – EtherNet/IP Explicit Statistics

EtherNet/IP Devices

This shows all the configured EtherNet/IP devices used for Explicit EtherNet/IP Messaging and the current communication status. **Green** being online and exchanging data, **Red** indicating that the target device is offline.



Figure 6.9 – PLX51-PBS Slave mode status monitoring – EtherNet/IP Devices

Explicit Map

This shows all the mapped EtherNet/IP explicit messaged used for Explicit EtherNet/IP Messaging. Each time there is a successful transaction the *Count* will increase and the item will briefly go green.

nera	al Slave Status	EtherNet/IP	Explicit Statistics	EtherNet/IP Devices Explic	it Map Ethernet Clients TCP / AR	P	
Eth	erNet/IP Explicit	Map Items					
	Devi	ice	Scan	Function	Object (C:I:A)	Count	^ Clear
	PowerFlex		Α	Get	0x0001 : 01 : 0001	75	
	Relay		В	Get	0x0001 : 02 : 0005	38	
	L85E		С	Get	0x0001 : 01 : 0001	19	
	PLX31		D	Get	0x0001 : 01 : 0001	7	
	L23E		Α	Get	0x0001 : 01 : 0001	74	
	Relay		В	Get	0x000F : 01 : 0008	38	
	L85E		С	Get	0x0043 : 01 : 0001	19	
	L85E		С	Get	0x00F5 : 01 : 0001	19	
	L85E		С	Get	0x005F : 01 : 0001	19	
	PLX31		D	Get	0x00F5 : 01 : 0001	7	
	L23E		A	Get	0x00F5 : 01 : 0001	74	
	Relay		В	Set	0x002C : 01 : 0004	0	
	Relay		В	Set	0x0009 : 03 : 0113	38	
			-	-			*

Figure 6.10 - PLX51-PBS Slave mode status monitoring - Explicit Map

Ethernet Clients

The *Ethernet Clients* tab displays the details of the Ethernet and EtherNet/IP clients connected to the PLX51-PBS.

PLX51-PBS - Status				
General Slave Status Modbus Sta	tistics Ethernet Clients T	CP / ARP		
Ethernet Client Counts		EtherNet/IP Table		
Туре	Count	IP Address	Session Handle	
ARP Clients	2			
TCP Clients	2			

Figure 6.11 – PLX51-PBS Status monitoring – Ethernet Client Statistics

TCP/ARP

The *TCP/ARP* tab displays details of the internal Ethernet ARP and TCP lists of the PLX51-PBS.

IP Table		TCP Table		
MAC Address	IP Address	MAC Address	Remote Port	Local Port
00:0C:29:70:BF:66	192.168.1.13	E4:B9:7A:03:43:09	502	20324
E4:B9:7A:03:43:09	192.168.1.11	00:0C:29:70:BF:66	58799	44818



6.2.2 Device Status

The *Device Status* window of each PROFIBUS slave device connected to the PLX51-PBS is opened by right-clicking on the specific slave device icon in the PLX50 Configuration Utility tree, and selecting **STATUS**.

ProSoft PLX50 Configuration	on Uti	lity - PLXS	51_PBS _Te	sting
File Device Tools Wi	indov	v Help		
*2 🗐 🗎 🗶 🗗 👘 🕂	91	김 옷 🕸		
Project Explorer		2000: 👻 🕂 🗙		
A PLX51_PBS_Testing MyPLX51-PBS (PLX Configuration Status Profibus Devices O18] ET200MIN		ŗ		
	p	Configura	tion	1
	n N	Status		
	리	Сору		
	X	Delete		

Figure 6.13 - Selecting slave status

The device status window contains multiple tabs to display the status of the specific slave device.

General - Slave Mode

The General tab displays the following general parameters:

MyPLX51-PBS - 2 -	Device Status		
General Statistics			^
Device Details		Device Status	Slave Mode Specific
Node Address	2	Online	Clear Op Mode
Instance Name	Slave 1	Data Exchange Active	Alarm Ack
Vendor	ProSoft Technology, Inc.	Disabled (Logix)	
Model	PLX51-PBS	Ident Mismatch	
Identity	0x010FF	StationID Mismatch (PLC)	
Revision	5	CRC Mismatch (PLC)	
		Error	
		Alarm Pending	
		Diagnostics Pending	

Figure 6.14 – Device Status monitoring - General

Table 6.6 - Device Status Monitoring – General Tab
Description

Parameter	Description
Node Address	The selected slave device station address.
Instance Name	The configured instance name of the device.
Vendor	The device Vendor name.
Model	The device Model name.
Identity	The device PNO identity.
Revision	The device revision.
Device Status	The current status of the device: Online
	The slave device is online.
	Data Exchange Active The slave device is exchanging DPV0 process data with the PROFIBUS DP Master.
	Enabled/Disabled (Logix)
	The slave device has been enabled/disabled from DPV0 data exchange from the Logix controller using the PLX51-PBS output assembly.
	Identity Mismatch
	The device configured in the PLX50 Configuration Utility and the device online at the specific station address do not match.
	StationID Mismatch (PLC)
	The station address entered from the Logix controller using the PLX51-PBS output assembly does not match the station address of the configured slave device.
	CRC Mismatch (PLC)
	Indicates the mapping from the Logix controller does not match the configured mapping.
	Error
	Device Error flag.
	Alarm Pending
	An alarm is pending in the specific slave device.
	Diagnostics Pending
	There is new diagnostics pending in the slave device.

Clear

Statistics

The Statistics tab displays the following general parameters:

PLX51-PBS - 2 - Device Status		
General Statistics		
Profibus Statistics		
Counter	Value	
Tx Packet Count	114,661,030	
Rx Packet Count	114,661,030	
Checksum Failed Packet Count	19,669	
No Reply Count	0	
DPV1 Class 1 Read Tx Count	10	
DPV1 Class 1 Read Rx Count	12	
DPV1 Class 1 Read Err Count	0	
DPV1 Class 1 Write Tx Count	22	
DPV1 Class 1 Write Rx Count	25	
DPV1 Class 1 Write Err Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Init Tx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Init Rx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Init Err Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Abort Tx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Abort Rx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Read Tx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Read Rx Count	0	
DPV1 Class 2 Read Err Count	0	

Counter	Value
DPV1 Class 2 Write Tx Count	0
DPV1 Class 2 Write Rx Count	0
DPV1 Class 2 Write Err Count	0
Set Slave Addr Tx Count	0
Set Slave Addr Rx Count	0
Set Slave Addr Err Count	0
Global Ctrl Tx Count	0
Global Ctrl Rx Count	5,701,648
Unexpected Packet Received	0
Invalid Response Length Count	14,942
FDL Fault Count	29,825
Extract Alarm Success Count	38
Extract Alarm Fail Count	0
Init Parameter Set Success Count	0
Init Parameter Set Fail Count	0
Device Reconfigure Count	7,565
Device Reparameterize Count	14,964
Ext Diag Overflow Count	0

Figure 6.15 – Device Status monitoring - Statistics

Table 6.7 -	Device	Status	Monitoring -	Statistics Tab

Parameter	Description
Tx Packet Count	The number of PROFIBUS packets transmitted.
Rx Packet Count	The number of PROFIBUS packets received.
Checksum Failed Packet Count	The number of PROFIBUS packets that had a failed checksum.
No Reply Count	The number of PROFIBUS requests from the PLX51-PBS where the station did not respond.
DPV1 Class 1 Read Tx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 1 Read responses sent from the specific device to the PROFIBUS DP Master.
DPV1 Class 1 Read Rx Count	The number of successful PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 1 Read requests received by the specific device.
DPV1 Class 1 Read Err Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 1 Write Tx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 1 Write responses sent from the specific device to the PROFIBUS DP Master.
DPV1 Class 1 Write Rx Count	The number of successful PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 1 Write requests received by the specific device.
DPV1 Class 1 Write Err Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Init Tx Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Init Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 2 Initialize requests received by the specific device.

DPV1 Class 2 Init Err Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Abort Tx Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Abort Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 2 Abort requests received by the specific device.
DPV1 Class 2 Read Tx Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Read Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 2 Read requests received by the specific device.
DPV1 Class 2 Read Err Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Write Tx Count	N/A
DPV1 Class 2 Write Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS DPV1 Class 2 requests received by the specific device.
DPV1 Class 2 Write Err Count	N/A
Set Slave Addr Tx Count	N/A
Set Slave Addr Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS Set Slave requests received by the specific device.
Set Slave Addr Err Count	N/A
Global Ctrl Tx Count	The number of PROFIBUS Global Control responses sent by the specific slave device.
Global Ctrl Rx Count	The number of PROFIBUS Global Control requests received by the specific slave device.
Unexpected Packet Received	The number of times a response is received from the device that was not expected (e.g. incorrect response, response from a different node, etc.).
Invalid Response Length Count	The number of times a response is received from the device where the length is not correct (For example, if the device is configured to provide 10 bytes of process data and only 5 bytes are returned during data exchange).
FDL Fault Count	The number of Data Link Layer function code faults received from the specific device.
Extract Alarm Success Count	The number of alarms that have successfully been extracted from the specific device.
Extract Alarm Fail Count	N/A
Initialize Parameter Set Success Count	The number of parameters that have successfully been set after the device has been configured for data exchange for the specific device.
Initialize Parameter Set Fail Count	The number of parameters that have failed to set after the device has been configured for DPV0 data exchange for the specific device.
Device Reconfigure Count	The number of times the device has been (re)configured for DPV0 data exchange.
Device Reparameterize Count	The number of times the device has been (re)parameterized for DPV0 data exchange.
Ext Diag Overflow Count	The number of times the device has returned diagnostics data that could not fit into a single PROFIBUS frame.

6.3 **PROFIBUS Packet Capture**

The PLX51-PBS allows you to capture the PROFIBUS traffic for analysis.

1 To invoke the capture of the module, right-click on the *PLX51-PBS* icon and double-click on the **DP PACKET CAPTURE** item in the Project Explorer tree.



Figure 6.16 - Selecting PROFIBUS Packet Capture

2 The *DP Packet Capture* window opens and automatically starts capturing all PROFIBUS packets.

	-PBS - DP Packe	t Capture							- 0 🗙
	0								
Index	▲ Time	Dirn. Sta	atus Src	Dest Function	Details	Src SAP	Dest SAP	PDU	Data
	Press STOP to	view results.							
Capturing	Packets : 936	5							

Figure 6.17 - PROFIBUS packet capture

NOTE: The module captures packets until you press the **STOP** button or when 10,000 DP packets have been reached.

3 When the capture process is stopped, the PROFIBUS capture is displayed.

Index 🔺	Time	Dirn.	Status	Src	Dest	Function	Details	Src SAP	Dest SAP	PDU	Data
96	0.505445	Тх	Ok	1	73	Request	Request FDL St	-	-		10 49 01 49 93
97	0.507238	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
98	0.508246	Тх	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
99	0.509256	Tx	Ok	1	18	Request	SRD - Priority	-	-	7F 00 00 00	68 07 07 68 12 .
100	0.511083	Rx	Ok	-	-	ACK	Acknowledge	-	-		E5
101	0.511492	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
102	0.512496	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
103	0.513505	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
104	0.514513	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
105	0.515522	Тх	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
106	0.516530	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
107	0.517538	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
108	0.518546	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
109	0.519554	Tx	Ok	1	74	Request	Request FDL St	-	-		10 4A 01 49 94
110	0.521346	Тх	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
111	0.522355	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
112	0.523363	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01
113	0.524372	Tx	Ok	1	1	Token	-	-	-		DC 01 01

Figure 6.18 - PROFIBUS Packet Capture complete

The captured PROFIBUS packets are tabulated as follows:

Statistic	Description					
Index	The packet index incremented for each packet sent or received.					
Time	The time is measured in microseconds (us) and is started at a fraction of a second and continued until the packet capture is done.					
Dirn.	The direction of the packet, either transmitted (Tx) or received (Rx).					
Status	The status of the packet. Received packets are checked for valid PROFIBUS constructs and valid checksums.					
Src	PROFIBUS node address of the message source.					
Dest	PROFIBUS node address of the message destination.					
Function	The PROFIBUS function (e.g. Token, Request, etc.).					
Details	Additional details associated with the PROFIBUS command/function.					
Src SAP	The source Service Access Point (SAP), when used.					
Dest SAP	The destination Service Access Point (SAP), when used.					
PDU	The PROFIBUS packet payload.					
Data	The packet's raw data displayed in space delimited hex.					

Table 6.8 - PROFIBUS Packet Capture fields

- 4 The packet capture can be saved to a file for further analysis by selecting the **SAVE** button on the toolbar.
- 5 Previously saved PROFIBUS Packet Capture files can be viewed by selecting the **PROFIBUS PACKET CAPTURE VIEWER** option in the *Tools* menu.



Figure 6.19 - Selecting the PROFIBUS Packet Capture Viewer

6.4 Modbus Packet Capture

The PLX51-PBS allows you to capture the Modbus traffic for analysis.

1 To invoke the capture of the module, right-click on the *PLX51-PBS* icon and double-click on the **MODBUS PACKET CAPTURE** item in the Project Explorer tree.



Figure 6.20 - Selecting Modbus Packet Capture

2 The *DP Packet Capture* window opens and automatically starts capturing all Modbus packets.

MyPLX51-PBS - Modbus Packet Capture			- • •
Index 🔺 Time Status Dim Node	Description	Data	
Press STOP to view results.			

Figure 6.21 - Modbus packet capture

NOTE: The module captures packets until you press the **STOP** button. If the packet capture reaches ~10,000 packets, it will automatically store the capture into a file, and will keep doing so for every 10,000 packets.

3 When the capture process is stopped, the Modbus capture is presented as shown below. It will keep capturing until you press **STOP**.

Index	Time	Status	Dim	Node	Description	Data		
91068	0d - 01:24:33.740	Ok	Tx	1	Write Mult. Reg - Address 1076, Count 48	01 10 04 34 00 30 60 03 5F 03 5F 03 5F 03 5F 03 5F 03 5F 0.		
91069	0d - 01:24:33.740	Ok	Bx	1	Write Mult. Reg - Address 1076, Count 48	01 10 04 34 00 30		
91070	0d - 01:24:33.790	Ok	Tx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 2500, Count 122	01 03 09 C4 00 7A		
91071	0d - 01:24:33.790	Ok	Bx	1	Read HoldingReg - DataSize 244	01 03 F4 03 58 03 58 03 58 03 58 03 58 03 58 03 58 03 58 0.		
91072	0d - 01:24:33.840	Ok	Tx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 2622, Count 122	01 03 0A 3E 00 7A		
91073	0d - 01:24:33.840	Ok	Rx	🔶 P	roSoft PLX50 Configuration Utility	3 59 03 59 03 59 03 59 03 59 03 59 03 59 03 59 0.		
91074	0d - 01:24:33.890	Ok	Tx		The last 70° contraction of the second	A		
91075	0d - 01:24:33.890	Ok	Bx		The last 736 captured records are shown. There are an additional 10002 records saved to files in the folder: C:\Users\SysAdmin\Documents\ProSoft Technology A 3 5D 03 5D.			
91076	0d - 01:24:33.940	Ok	Tx					
91077	0d - 01:24:33.940	Ok	Bx					
91078	0d - 01:24:33.990	Ok	Tx		Ok	A		
91079	0d - 01:24:33.990	Ok	Bx			3 5E 03 5E 03 5E 03 5E 03 5E 03 5E 03 5E		
91080	0d - 01:24:34.040	Ok	Tx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 3110, Count 122	01 03 0C 26 00 7A		
91081	0d - 01:24:34.040	Ok	Bx	1	Read HoldingReg - DataSize 244	01 03 F4 03 5E		
91082	0d - 01:24:34.090	Ok	Tx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 3232, Count 122	01 03 0C A0 00 7A		
91083	0d - 01:24:34.090	Ok	Rx	1	Read HoldingReg - DataSize 244	01 03 F4 03 5D 03 5		
91084	0d - 01:24:34.140	Ok	Тx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 3354, Count 122	01 03 0D 1A 00 7A		
91085	0d - 01:24:34.140	Ok	Rx	1	Read HoldingReg - DataSize 244	01 03 F4 03 5F 0.		
91086	0d - 01:24:34.190	Ok	Tx	1	Read HoldingReg - Address 3476, Count 48	01 03 0D 94 00 30		
91087	0d - 01:24:34.190	Ok	Bx	1	Read HoldingReg - DataSize 96	01 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 03 60 0		

Figure 6.22 - Modbus Packet Capture complete

The captured Modbus values are tabulated as follows:

Table 6.9 –	Captured	Modbus values
-------------	----------	---------------

Statistic	Description
Index	The packet index incremented for each packet sent or received.
Time	The time is started at a fraction of a second and continued until the packet capture is done. Time is based off the Up Time of the module.
Status	The status of the packet. Packets are checked for valid Modbus constructs and valid checksums.
Dirn.	The direction of the packet, either transmitted (Tx) or received (Rx).
Node	Modbus Slave ID
Description	Modbus Function Code, Database starting address, Count
Data	Modbus message construction, in HEX format.

6.5 Module Event Log

The PLX51-PBS logs various diagnostic records to an internal event log. These logs are stored in non-volatile memory and can be displayed using the PLX50 Configuration Utility or via the web interface. To view them in the PLX50 Configuration Utility, select the **EVENT VIEWER** option in the Project Explorer tree.



Figure 6.23. - Selecting the module Event Log

The *Event Viewer* window will open and automatically read all the events from the module. The log entries are sorted with the latest record at the top. Custom sorting is achieved by double-clicking on the column headings.

🗢 🗙 Uploaded 1	Filter (All)			
Index 💌	Time	Up Time	Event	
17	1970/01/01 00:02:45.420	0d - 00:02:40	Set Baud Rate to 45450 bps	
16	1970/01/01 00:02:45.410	0d - 00:02:40	Application Config Valid	
15	1970/01/01 00:00:54.730	0d - 00:00:49	FB Operation Mode set to OPERATE	
14	1970/01/01 00:00:54.730	0d - 00:00:49	Set Baud Rate to 12000000 bps	
13	1970/01/01 00:00:54.710	0d - 00:00:49	Application Config Valid	
12	1970/01/01 00:00:04.880	0d - 00:00:00	Ethernet Port 2 link up	
11	1970/01/01 00:00:04.880	0d - 00:00:00	Ethernet Port 1 link up	
10	1970/01/01 00:00:04.880	0d - 00:00:00	Application code running	
9	1970/01/01 00:00:03.380	0d - 00:00:00	Application Config Too Big	
8	1970/01/01 00:00:01.660	0d - 00:00:00	Module power down	
7	1970/01/01 00:00:01.660	0d - 00:00:00	Application Config Too Big	
6	1970/01/01 00:00:01.660	0d - 00:00:00	SD Card: Flash update failed	
5	1970/01/01 00:00:01.660	0d - 00:00:00	Firmware update started	
4	1970/01/01 00:00:01.660	0d - 00:00:00	SD Card: Firmware mismatch	
3	1970/01/01 00:00:01.650	0d - 00:00:00	SD Card: Config updated	
2	1970/01/01 00:00:01.150	0d - 00:00:00	SD Card: Config mismatch	
1	1970/01/01 00:00:00.140	0d - 00:00:00	SD Card: Present	

Figure 6.24. - Module Event Log

The log can also be stored to a file for future analysis, by selecting the **SAVE** button in the tool menu.

To view previously saved files, use the **EVENT LOG VIEWER** option under the Tools menu.

6.6 Web Server

The PLX51-PBS provides a web server for diagnostics. This allows for connectivity to the module without the use of the PLX50 Configuration Utility, Logix, or Modbus device to view various the diagnostics of the module.

NOTE: The web server is read-only and thus no parameters or configuration can be altered from the web interface.

12000000000	Device Name	PLX51-PBS
Overview		FLASI-FDS
Ethernet	Serial number	8D20003D
Event Logs	Firmware Revision	1.001.026
Diagnostics	Vendor Id	309
Application	Product Type	12
	Product Code	5229
	Uptime	6d 17h 12m 56s
	Date	1970/01/07

Figure 6.25 - Web interface

NOTE: The PLX51-PBS parameters and diagnostics in the web server will match those in the PLX50 Configuration Utility status.

7 Technical Specifications

7.1 Dimensions

Below are the enclosure dimensions. All dimensions are in millimeters.





Figure 7.1 – PLX51-PBS enclosure dimensions

7.2 Electrical

Table 7.1 - Electrical specification

Specification	Rating		
Power requirements	Input: 10 to 36V DC		
Power consumption	Maximum: 85mA @ 24V => 2.04W		
Connector	3-way terminal		
Conductors	24 to 18 AWG		
Enclosure rating	IP20, NEMA/UL Open Type		
Temperature	-20 to 70 °C		
Earth connection	Yes, terminal based		
Emissions	IEC61000-6-4		
ESD Immunity	EN 61000-4-2		
Radiated RF Immunity	IEC 61000-4-3		
EFT/B Immunity	EFT: IEC 61000-4-4		
Surge Immunity	Surge: IEC 61000-4-5		
Conducted RF Immunity	IEC 61000-4-6		

7.3 Ethernet

Table 7.2 - Ethernet specification

Specification	Rating
Connector	RJ45
Conductors	CAT5 STP/UTP
ARP connections	Max 40
TCP connections	Max 40
CIP connections	Max 10
Communication rate	10/100Mbps
Duplex mode	Full/Half
Auto-MDIX support	Yes
Embedded switch	Yes, 2 x Ethernet ports

7.4 Modbus TCP/IP

Table 7.3 – Modbus TCP/IP specification

Specification	Rating		
Mode	Client or Server		
Connector	RJ45		
Conductors	CAT5 STP/UTP		
ARP connections	Max 40: 20 Client, 20 Server		
Communication rate	10/100Mbps		
Duplex mode	Full / Half / Auto Negotiate		
Auto-MDIX support	Yes		

7.5 PROFIBUS DP

Table 7.4 – PROFIBUS DP specification

Specification	Rating		
Connector	Female DB9 connector		
Conductor	See PROFIBUS DP Section.		
DP Slave Mode Support	DPV0 Data Exchange		
	DPV1 Class 1 Messaging		
	DPV1 Alarming		
Isolated	Yes		
BAUD Rate supported	9.6 kbps		
	19.2 kbps		
	45.45 kbps		
	93.75 kbps		
	187.5 kbps		
	500 kbps		
	1.5 Mbps		
	3 Mbps		
	6 Mbps		
	12 Mbps		

7.6 Agency Approvals and Certifications

Please visit our website: <u>www.prosoft-technology.com</u>

8 PROFIBUS DP

8.1 Introduction

PROFIBUS is a vendor-independent, open fieldbus standard for a wide range of applications in manufacturing, process and building automation. Vendor independence and openness are guaranteed by the PROFIBUS standard EN 50 170. With PROFIBUS, devices of different manufacturers can communicate without special interface adjustments. PROFIBUS can be used for both high-speed time critical data transmission and extensive complex communication tasks. The PROFIBUS family consists of three compatible versions.

8.1.1 PROFIBUS DP

Optimized for high speed and inexpensive hookup, this PROFIBUS version is designed especially for communication between automation control systems and distributed I/O at the device level. PROFIBUS-DP can be used to replace parallel signal transmission with 24 V or 4-20 mA.

OSI La	yer	PROFIBUS		
7	Application	DPV0 DPV1 DPV2		
6	Presentation			
5	Session			
4	Transport			
3	Network			
2	Data Link	FDL		
1	Physical	EIA-485	Optical	MBP

Table 8.1 – PROFIBUS Protocol (OSI model)

To utilize these functions, various service levels of the DP protocol were defined:

- DP-V0 provides the basic functionality of DP, including:
 - o cyclic data exchange,
 - o station, module and channel-specific diagnostics
- DP-V1 contains enhancements geared towards process automation, in particular:
 - \circ $\;$ acyclic data communication for parameter assignment $\;$
 - alarm handling
- DP-V2 for isochronous mode and data exchange broadcast (slave-to-slave communication)

8.1.2 PROFIBUS PA

PROFIBUS PA is designed especially for process automation. It permits sensors and actuators to be connected on one common bus line through a dedicated DP/PA gateway or link between the PROFIBUS DP and PROFIBUS PA networks, even in intrinsically-safe areas. PROFIBUS PA permits data communication and power over the bus using a 2-wire technology according to the international standard IEC 1158-2.

8.1.3 PROFIBUS FMS

PROFIBUS FMS is the general-purpose solution for communication tasks at the cell level. Powerful FMS services open up a wide range of applications and provide great flexibility. PROFIBUS FMS can also be used for extensive and complex communication tasks. This protocol is the first developed for PROFIBUS, but it is no longer currently used.

PROFIBUS specifies the technical and functional characteristics of a serial fieldbus system with which decentralized digital controllers can be networked together from the field level to the cell level.

8.2 **PROFIBUS Master and Slave**

PROFIBUS distinguishes between master devices and slave devices.

Master devices determine the data communication on the bus. A master can send messages without an external request when it holds the bus access rights (the token). Masters are also called '**active stations**' in the PROFIBUS protocol.

Slave devices are peripheral devices. Typical slave devices include input/output devices, valves, drives and measuring transmitters. They do not have bus access rights and they can only acknowledge received messages or send messages to the master when requested to do so. Slaves are also called '**passive stations**'.

8.3 PROFIBUS Master Class 1 (DPM1) or Class 2 (DPM2)

8.3.1 PROFIBUS DP Master Class 1 (DPM1)

A class 1 master handles the normal communication or exchange of data with the slaves assigned to it. This is typically a PLC.

It uses **cyclic communication** to exchange process data with its associated slaves. The class 1 master sets the baud rate and the slave's auto-detect this rate. Each slave device is assigned to one master and only that master may write output data to that slave. Other masters may read information from any slave but can only write output data to their own assigned slaves.

8.3.2 PROFIBUS DP Master Class 2 (DPM2)

A class 2 master is a special device primarily used for commissioning slaves and for diagnostic purposes. This is typically a Supervisor. It uses **acyclic communication** over what is known as the **MS2 channel**. A DPM2 does not have to be permanently connected to the bus system.

8.4 Cyclic Communication

The DP master class 1 cyclically exchanges data with all of the slaves assigned to it. This service is configured. During the configuration process, master and slave addresses are assigned, the bus parameters are defined, the types and numbers of modules (in the case of modular slaves) are specified, user-selectable parameter choices are made, etc.

Before data exchange can take place, the master will send parameterization and configuration telegrams to all of its assigned slaves. These parameters and configuration data are checked by the slaves. If both are valid, the master will initiate cyclic I/O data communication with the slave devices.

8.5 Acyclic Communication

In addition to the cyclic data exchange, the PROFIBUS protocol has the option of acyclic communication. This service is not configured. There are 2 different communication channels possible between the requested master and the slave:

- **MS1 channel** (MS1 connection): can only be established if cyclic data exchange is taking place between that master (DPM1) and the slave
- **MS2 channel** (MS2 connection): is possible with several masters simultaneously, but the connection must be established explicitly by the master.

Acyclic reading and writing of data requires an established MS1 or MS2 connection.

For the MS1 channel, 3 conditions must be satisfied:

- The slave device must support the MS1 channel (key C1_Read_Write_supp at 1 in the GSD file)
- The DPV1_enable bit must be set during the parameter assignment
- Data exchange is taking place

For the MS2 channel, the connection must be explicitly initiated by the master. The maximum number of possible MS2 connections to the slave must not be reached. The connection can be closed by either the master or the slave device.

8.6 Topology of PROFIBUS DP

PROFIBUS devices are connected in a bus structure. Up to 32 stations (master or slaves) can be connected in one segment. The bus is terminated by an active bus terminator at the beginning and end of each segment. Both bus terminations must always be powered. When more than 32 stations are used, repeaters (line amplifiers) must be used to connect the individual bus segments.

8.7 **PROFIBUS DP Cable Description**

Only one type of cable can be used for PROFIBUS network:

Table 8.2 – PROFIBUS DP network cable

Parameter	Туре А
Surge Impedance	135 to 165Ω
	(3 to 20 MHz)
Capacity	< 30 pF/m
Loop Resistance	< 110 Ω/km
Wire gauge	> 0.64 mm
Conductor area	> 0.34 mm ²

The maximum cable length depends on the transmission speed and cable type. The specified cable length can be increased using the repeaters. The use of more than 3 repeaters in series is not recommended.

Table 8.3 – PROFIBUS DP cable length

Baudrate (kbps)	9.6	19.2	93.75	187.5	500	1500	3000 to 12000
Length A (m)	1200	1200	1200	1000	400	200	100

8.8 **PROFIBUS DP Connector Description**

Table 8.4 – PROFIBUS DP connector

DB9 Pin Description	DB9 Pin#	DB9 Termination with PLX51-PBS
Chassis ground	1	
Reserved	2	
Data+ / B	3	In case of termination, connect this pin to Pin 8 (Data - / A) with 220 ohm resistor
Tx enable	4	
Isolated ground	5	Connect this pin to Pin 8 (Data - / A) with 390 ohm resistor
Voltage plus	6	Connect this pin to Pin 3 (Data + / B) with 390 ohm resistor
Reserved	7	
Data- / A	8	
Reserved	9	

9 Support, Service & Warranty

9.1 Contacting Technical Support

ProSoft Technology, Inc. is committed to providing the most efficient and effective support possible. Before calling, please gather the following information to assist in expediting this process:

- Product Version Number
- System architecture
- Network details

If the issue is hardware related, we will also need information regarding:

- Module configuration and associated ladder files, if any
- Module operation and any unusual behavior
- Configuration/Debug status information
- LED patterns
- Details about the interfaced serial, Ethernet or Fieldbus devices

NOTE: For technical support calls within the United States, ProSoft Technology's 24/7 after-hours phone support is available for urgent plant-down issues.

North America (Corporate Location)	Europe / Middle East / Africa Regional Office
Phone: +1.661.716.5100	Phone: +33.(0)5.34.36.87.20
info@prosoft-technology.com	france@prosoft-technology.com
Languages spoken: English, Spanish	Languages spoken: French, English
REGIONAL TECH SUPPORT	REGIONAL TECH SUPPORT
support@prosoft-technology.com	support.emea@prosoft-technology.com
Latin America Regional Office	Asia Pacific Regional Office
Phone: +52.222.264.1814	Phone: +60.3.2247.1898
latinam@prosoft-technology.com	asiapc@prosoft-technology.com
Languages spoken: Spanish, English	Languages spoken: Bahasa, Chinese, English,
REGIONAL TECH SUPPORT	Japanese, Korean
support.la@prosoft-technology.com	REGIONAL TECH SUPPORT
	support.ap@prosoft-technology.com

For additional ProSoft Technology contacts in your area, please visit: www.prosoft-technology.com/About-Us/Contact-Us.

9.2 Warranty Information

For complete details regarding ProSoft Technology's TERMS & CONDITIONS OF SALE, WARRANTY, SUPPORT, SERVICE AND RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION INSTRUCTIONS, please see the documents at: www.prosoft-technology/legal